Oconee County, Georgia
Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2014

Oconee County, Georgia

Financial Statements

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Oconee County, Georgia

Financial Statements

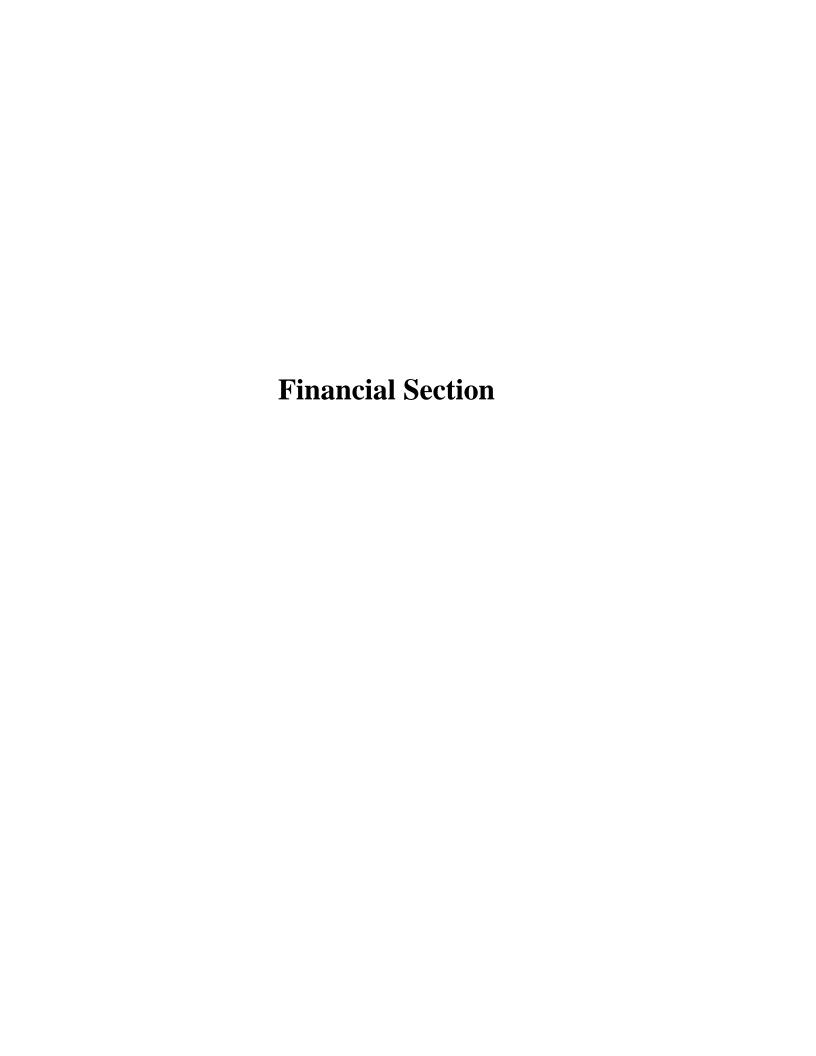
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Treadwell, Tamplin & Co.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Commissioners of Oconee County, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oconee County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Oconee County Health Department, which represents 100% of the assets, net position and revenues of the component unit column. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the Oconee County Health Department, is based on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Oconee County, Georgia as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Retirement Plan – Schedule of Funding Progress, the Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund and information on pages I through X, and pages 41-44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Oconee County, Georgia's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund schedules, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, the Schedule of State Contractual Assistance, and the Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures, and bond disclosures, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, and the Schedule of State Contractual Assistance, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The bond disclosures and the Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Dreadwell, Damplin + G.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 31, 2014 on our consideration of Oconee County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oconee County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Madison, Georgia
December 31, 2014

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OCONEE COUNTY, GEORGIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

OCONEE COUNTY, GEORGIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Management's discussion and analysis provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the government's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for Oconee County and should be read in conjunction with the Government's financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Government's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Oconee County Government's financial statements which include government-wide and fund statements as well as notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary financial information in addition to the basic financial statements that may be of interest to the reader.

The Government's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the Government's financial position and results of operations.
- 2. Fund financial statements present financial information for the Government's major funds.
- 3. Notes to the financial statements provide additional information concerning the Government's finances that are not disclosed in the Government-wide or Fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide you with a broad overview of the financial position of Oconee County and are similar to private-sector financial statements. They include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and business-type activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by sales taxes, property taxes, federal and state grants, and charges for services and fines. Business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities.

The Statement of Net Position shows the County's assets plus deferred outflows less its liabilities plus deferred inflows at June 30, 2014. The difference between these assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position are reported for all governmental activities separate from the business-type activities. Changes in net position over time may be helpful in identifying an improving or deteriorating financial position.

The Statement of Activities follows the Statement of Net Position and presents information showing how the net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Some included items, such as accounts payable or earned but unused vacation leave, will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of Oconee County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, law enforcement, parks and recreation, jail operations, zoning and enforcement, judicial, public works and human resources. Business-type activities financed by user charges include water and sewer, sanitation collection sites and community development.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, Oconee County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of Oconee County government can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds essentially account for the same functions as those reported under the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating Oconee County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for government funds and governmental activities, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. The county reports two major governmental funds – General Fund, SPLOST Capital Projects Funds 2009. (pg 3)

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> report, in greater detail, the same information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements for one major fund: water and sewer. (pg 8)

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are funds held in a custodial nature, but outside the general county government. Although these funds are presented in the fund set of statements, they do not appear in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support Oconee County Government's general programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The county reports six fiduciary funds – Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Superior Court, Probate Court, Magistrate Court and Juvenile Court.

Notes to the Financial Statement

The Notes provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the Government. Additional information about the accounting practices of the Government; investments of the Government, long-term debt and the pension plan are some of the items included in the Notes.

Governmental Activities

The increase for governmental activity net position amounted to \$2,150,796. (Exb 2) This increase is a combination of factors, including the addition of capital assets, Oconee County continues to practice conservative fiscal policies during challenging financial times.

Business-Type Activities

Increases in net position for business-type activities amounted to a total of \$5,630,470 (Exb 2) as a result of operating revenues, capital contributions and transfers in from SPLOST. SPLOST Capital Projects Fund transferred \$510,967 (Exb 6) to the Water and Sewer Fund for the purposes of capital expenses. As part of the Intergovernmental Agreement between the County and the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority (UOBWA), reconciliation is performed at the Authority's year-end (December 31) to determine the actual cost sharing by each member county. In October 2007, the county entered into as part of an Intergovernmental Contract with Walton County and the Walton County Water and Sewerage Authority (WCWSA) for a Reservoir Project. The contract indicated that WCWSA would issue Revenue bonds (Oconee-Hard Labor Creek Reservoir Project), Series 2008 totaling \$19,535,000 (Note 7), for the purpose of financing or refinancing all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, installing and equipping a reservoir and related treatment and transmission facilities, paying capitalized interest on the Series 2008 Bonds, funding a debt service reserve and paying the costs of issuing the Series 2008 Bonds. The county intends to make the contract payments with revenues derived from its water and sewerage system. The County entered into a note payable with Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) during FY12. The County is obligated to pay 28.8% of the amounts payable under that note pursuant to the intergovernmental agreement that established the Hard Labor Creek Reservoir Project (HLC). The note allows for up to \$20,000,000 of borrowing, of which the County's share would be \$5,760,000. At year-end, the total borrowed to date was \$10,194,076 of which the County is responsible for paying \$2,935,894. (Note 7)

Financial Analysis of Oconee County's Funds

As noted earlier, Oconee County employs fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. In assessing Oconee County's financial requirements, unassigned fund balance is a particular useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The governmental fund types include the General Fund, SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Local Resources Fund, and Industrial Development Authority Projects Fund.

As of June 30, 2014, Oconee County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,248,068, (Exb 4) an increase of \$396,346 (Exb 4) resulting in a small change over prior year. The County continues to utilize SPLOST funds to retire debt and fund the development of capital projects such as road, water and sewer improvements.

General Fund is the chief operating fund of the county. At June 30, 2014, total fund balance in the general fund was \$9,156,802. (Exb 4) There was an increase of \$261,372 (Exb 4) in the general fund balance. The Board of Commissioners took conservative measures and worked closely with Elected Officials and Department Directors keeping expenditures to the minimum.

<u>SPLOST Capital Projects Fund</u> reflects funds collected with the 1% sales tax and expended for capital items that are in agreement with the referendum approved by the voters. Because projects often cross several years and involve design, land acquisition and construction phases, expenditures may vary widely from year to year. Costs expended yearly in capital projects funds are added to the County's construction-in-progress until the project is complete, and then depreciated over its useful life. Water and Sewer projects funded by SPLOST are treated as transfers out to the Water and Sewer Fund and accounted for as Capital Improvement Projects in the Water and Sewer Fund.

<u>IDA Grant Fund</u> In FY12, the Industrial Development Authority was awarded a State Edge Grant for \$18 million by the OneGeorgia Authority for the purpose of site preparation and initial construction costs associated with the Caterpillar plant. Caterpillar constructed a facility, approximately 850,000 square foot, which straddles Oconee/Athens-Clarke County lines. This facility produces small-track tractors and mini excavators. As a joint venture, the counties provided infrastructure improvements to support the site, while Caterpillar provided site improvements and constructed the facility. Caterpillar will have committed to the creation of a minimum of 1,400 jobs and an investment of at least \$160 million into the facility and equipment by 2020. The Industrial Development Authority issued \$10,380,000 Series 2012 Revenue Bonds during March 2012 as incentive for the Caterpillar development. These bonds are repayable

solely through the proceeds of an intergovernmental contract between the Authority and Oconee County and listed as Contract Payable-OCIDA in the Financial Statements. In FY14, the Authority used \$202,137 (Sch 8) in operating funds and \$379,007 (Sch 9) in Revenue bond proceeds.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - By ordinance the Oconee County Board of Commissioners authorized an excise tax on rooms, lodgings and accommodations to contribute to the promotion of tourism, conventions and trade shows. The operation of a hotel and the collection of an excise tax was initiated in 2010. The annual revenue for the period ending June 30, 2014 totaled \$131,232. (Note 15)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Fund statements provide the same information as in the business activities column of the government-wide statements, but in greater detail, and on a fund basis for enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds – At June 30, 2014, total net position amounted to \$65,348,340 (Exb 6), a net increase of \$5,630,470. (Exb 6) Net position changes are a result of capital contributions, operations, non-operating revenues, depreciation, expenses, donated assets and grants. The two funds in this category, Water & Sewer Fund and Other Enterprise Funds (Solid Waste Fund and Special Facilities Fund) receive additional revenue from such areas as user fees, licenses, permits, rent and donated infrastructure.

Program Revenue, General Revenue and Total Revenue

Total Program revenues for primary government increased from the previous fiscal year. The county received operating and capital grants which were a driving force in the increase. The general state of the economy also improved, as did Sales Tax revenues. House Bill 386 was passed by the 2012 Georgia General Assembly and provided a new method of taxation for motor vehicles, commonly referred to as Title Ad Valorem Tax or TAVT. This bill became effective March 1, 2013. Vehicles purchased after March 1, 2013 are exempt from Sales Tax and the ad valorem tax (aka "birthday tax"). These taxes are replaced by a one-time tax that is imposed on the fair market value of the vehicle called the TAVT. This fee was calculated by multiplying the fair market value by 6.75% in 2014.

Financial Highlights

In March 2012, Oconee County was selected as the site for the Caterpillar facility. Construction began in May of 2012. The Caterpillar plant opened March 2013. The facility is comprised of 850,000 square feet. The facility will produce mini hydraulic excavators and small track type tractors. As of June 2014, the company employed 675 employees. When fully operational, the company will employ approximately 1,400 people. The Oconee County Industrial Development Authority issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,380,000 for site and infrastructure development. The County is responsible for debt service bond payments. Beginning in FY13, the Industrial Development Authority was presented within the County's Financial Statements as a blended component unit. The economy in Oconee County is returning to normal levels faster than neighboring counties in the region. Primary factors were low unemployment, new revenue sources through small business activity and an increase in new housing starts. Sales Tax revenue and economic activity has increased over the period slightly faster than projected. All of these factors enabled Oconee County to maintain the budget at current levels and even lower it in some cases. The millage rate was maintained while the property digest was increased slightly. The Transportation Improvement & Maintenance Program & Water and Sewer Improvement plans are funded through SPLOST funds and remain within budget for infrastructure improvements. SPLOST now funds debt repayment for the Jail Complex and Veteran's Park G.O bond repayment, as approved by a 2009 referendum. Oconee County's total assets exceeded total liabilities at June 30, 2014, by \$153,157,733. (Exb 1) Of this amount, \$9,597,340 (Exb 1) may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As a whole, the financial position of the Oconee County government improved as compared to recent years. At June 30, 2014, Oconee County's Governmental Fund Statement Report combined ending fund balances of \$18,248,068 (Exb 3) an increase of \$396,346. (Exb 4) Of this amount, \$7,949,648 (Exb 3) is restricted for Capital projects which commit the following funds: SPLOST 2004 - \$3,735,689 (Sch 6) SPLOST 2009 - \$3,049,206 (Exb 3), Hotel Sales Tax - \$85,973 (Sch 5), Industrial Development Authority Projects - \$1,078,780 (Sch 6). General Fund has committed \$3,352,622 (Exb 3) to advance fund GDOT project SR53/Mars Hill Road. Reimbursement from the State of Georgia will encompass (3) drawdowns. The first drawdown was completed in FY12 and the second was completed in FY13. The third payment is expected to be finalized in FY15. Total reimbursement to date: \$5,017,185.

The General Fund reported an adequate unassigned fund balance of \$4,828,279. (Exb 3) During Fiscal Year 2014, the government in accordance with GASB statement number 45, accounting and financial reporting by employees for post-employment benefits other than pensions continued to remain in effect. The County implemented GASB 54 Fund Balance reporting and governmental fund type definitions in 2012. In 2013, the County implemented GASB 61. This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The amendments to the criteria for blending improve the focus of a financial reporting entity on the primary government by ensuring that the primary government includes only those component units that are so

intertwined with the primary government that they are essentially the same as the primary government, and by clarifying which component units have that characteristic. Oconee County and the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority were reported in FY13 as a blended component unit in accordance with GASB 61. The County also implemented GASB 63. This Statement provides guidance for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources and defines those elements which are distinct from assets and liabilities as a consumption or acquisition of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods and renames net assets to net position. The County further implemented GASB 65 in Fiscal year 2013.

Government – Wide Financial Analysis

Table 1 & Table 2 depict comparative data for Oconee County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The comparative data highlights Government-wide net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2). Fiscal year ended 2014 shows an increase net position of \$7.78 million (Exb 2) over the previous fiscal year.

Budget Variations

The original General Fund budget for the fiscal year end June 30, 2014, reflected anticipated revenues of \$20,750,015 and expenditures of \$19,383,138. The final budget for the fiscal year showed revenues of \$25,363,005 and expenditures of \$23,905,448, while the actual results for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, indicated revenues of \$25,434,906 and expenditures of \$23,386,112. (Sch 3) The local economy improved in Oconee County. Primary factors were low unemployment, new revenue sources through small business activity and increased commercial site construction. Sales Tax revenue has increased over the period and economic activity has improved. The Epps Bridge Centre in Oconee County continues to grow with the additions of Best Buy and several restaurants which will generate sales tax and in turn boost the County's economy. Additionally, House Bill 386 was passed by the 2012 Georgia General Assembly and provided a new method of taxation for motor vehicles, commonly referred to as Title Ad Valorem Tax or TAVT. This bill became effective March 1, 2013. Vehicles purchased after March 1, 2013 are exempt from Sales Tax and the ad valorem tax (aka "birthday tax"). These taxes are replaced by a one-time tax that is imposed on the fair market value of the vehicle called the TAVT. This fee is calculated by multiplying the fair market value by 6.75% in 2014.

For a detailed overview of Oconee County's Capital Assets, the reader is referred to Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 3. For Long-term Debt Obligations, the reader is referred to Note 7. Additionally, Oconee County is utilizing Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds to supplement SPLOST funding as a means to assist in providing for future infrastructure, water sources and sewer needs.

Component Units

Separately issued financial statements for the Oconee County Health Department, a discretely presented component unit of the County, provide more detailed information about the financial position and results of the Health Department. These statements can be obtained by contacting the Health Department at:

Oconee County Health Department 160 Experiment Station Road Post Office Box 222 Watkinsville, Georgia 30677

Separately issued financial statements for the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority, a blended component unit of the County, provide more detailed information about the financial position and the results of the Industrial Development Authority. These statements can be obtained by contacting the Industrial Development Authority at:

Oconee County Industrial Development Authority Post Office Box 145 Watkinsville, Georgia 30677

Oconee County, Georgia For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

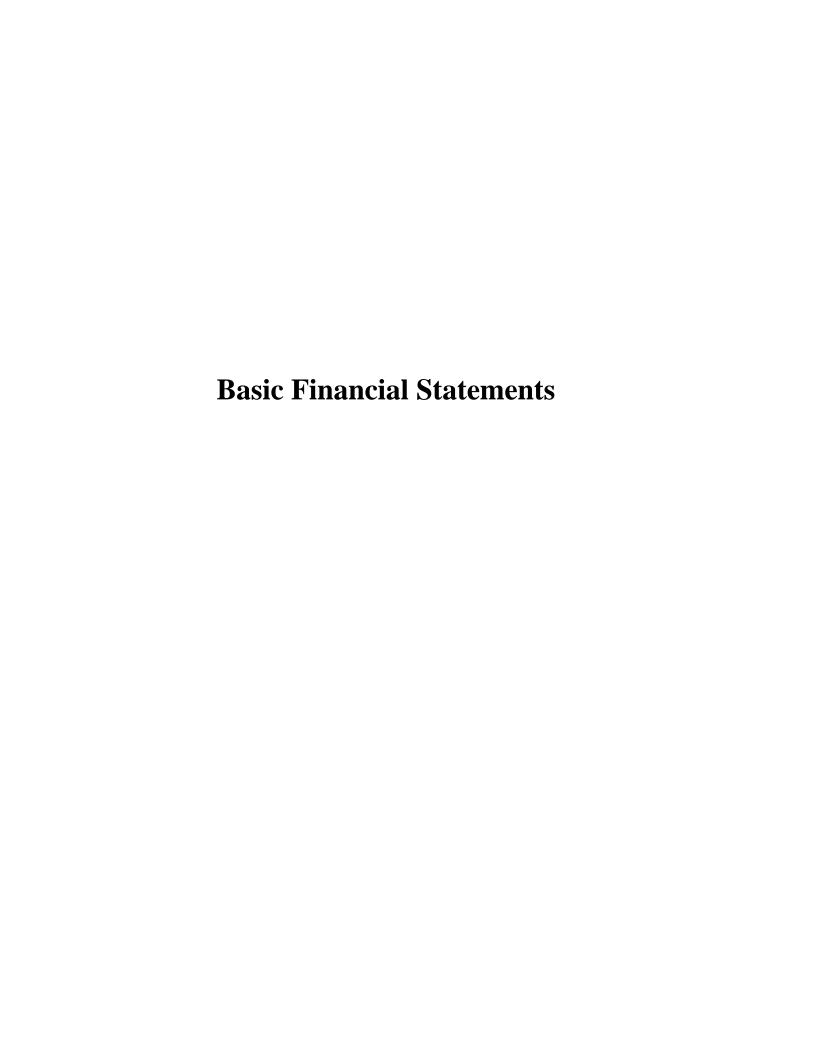
Table 1 Net Position (in Millions)

-	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Tot	al
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Assets						
Current & Other Assets	20.75	21.34	22.67	24.42	43.42	45.76
Capital Assets, Net	91.23	91.55	78.83	83.87	170.06	175.42
Total Assets	111.98	112.89	101.50	108.29	213.48	221.18
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Amount on Debt Refunding	0.78	0.74	0.47	0.39	1.25	1.13
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	112.76	113.63	101.97	108.68	214.73	222.31
Liabilities						
Current & Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	1.96	2.46	1.30	2.20	3.26	4.66
Due Within One Year	1.78	1.61	1.14	1.68	2.92	3.29
Due in More Than One Year	23.35	21.74	39.82	39.45	63.17	61.19
Total Liabilities	27.09	25.81	42.26	43.33	69.35	69.14
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	77.13	79.93	49.26	52.38	126.39	132.31
Capital Projects	8.13	7.95	0.00	0.00	8.13	7.95
Judicial	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09
Public Safety	0.14	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.16
Debt Service	0.00	0.00	2.19	2.84	2.19	2.84
Other Purposes	0.20	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.21
Unrestricted	(0.03)	(0.53)	8.26	10.13	8.23	9.60
Total Net Position	85.66	87.81	59.71	65.35	145.37	153.16

Oconee County, Georgia For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in Millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Revenue						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	4.56	4.65	8.15	9.43	12.71	14.08
Operating Grants & Contributions	0.61	0.66	0.01	0.01	0.62	0.67
Capital Grants & Contributions	17.83	3.76	0.35	2.22	18.18	5.98
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	10.07	10.95			10.07	10.95
Sales Taxes	10.93	11.69			10.93	11.69
Intangible Taxes	0.51	0.42			0.51	0.42
Business Taxes	1.36	1.41			1.36	1.41
Franchise Fees	0.25	0.27			0.25	0.27
Other Taxes	0.18	0.17			0.18	0.17
Investment Earnings	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.04
Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset	0.09	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.19
Total Revenues	46.42	34.19	8.55	11.68	54.97	45.87
Program Expenses						
General Government	5.75	5.84			5.75	5.84
Judicial	2.02	2.04			2.02	2.04
Public Safety	8.39	9.37			8.39	9.37
Public Works	7.15	7.31			7.15	7.31
Health & Welfare	0.71	0.70			0.71	0.70
Culture & Recreation	3.42	3.57			3.42	3.57
Housing & Development	18.50	1.29			18.50	1.29
Interest & Fiscal Charges	0.89	0.77			0.89	0.77
Water & Sewer			6.04	6.15	6.04	6.15
Solid Waste			0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38
Special Facilities			0.68	0.66	0.68	0.66
Total Expenses	46.83	30.90	7.10	7.19	53.93	38.09
Excess (Deficiency) Before						
Transfers & Contributions	(0.41)	3.29	1.45	4.49	1.04	7.78
Total Transfers	(1.45)	(1.14)	1.45	1.14	0.00	0.00
Changes in Net Position	(1.86)	2.15	2.90	5.63	1.04	7.78
Net Position, Beginning	81.31	85.66	57.53	59.71	138.84	145.37
Prior Period Adj-Implementation GASB 65	(0.44)	0.00	(0.72)	0.00	(1.16)	0.00
Prior Period Adj-Implementation GASB 61	`6.65 [´]	0.00	`0.00	0.00	`6.65 [´]	0.00
Net Position, Beginning, as Restated	87.52	85.66	56.81	59.71	144.33	145.37
Net Position, Ending	85.66	87.81	59.71	65.35	145.37	153.16



Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Health Department
ASSETS	Φ 5.461.716	Φ 4.070.707	Φ 10.241.442	Φ 400.121
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 5,461,716	\$ 4,879,727	\$ 10,341,443	\$ 480,121
Investments, plus accrued interest (Note 2)	13,105,848	2,251,761	15,357,609	- 22.250
Accounts receivable, net	289,173	993,858	1,283,031	32,259
Taxes receivable, net	232,665	-	232,665	-
Internal balances (Note 4)	(56,572)	56,572	-	-
Due from other governments	1,442,204	11,471	1,453,675	-
Prepaid expenses	205,343	13,630	218,973	-
Restricted cash (Note 2)	219,493	1,114,705	1,334,198	-
Restricted investments (Note 2)	<u>-</u>	4,213,590	4,213,590	-
Net pension benefit (Note 9)	361,515	44,216	405,731	-
OPEB benefit (Note 10)	85,952	-	85,952	-
Investment - UOBWA, net (Note 5)	-	10,837,506	10,837,506	-
Capital assets (Note 3)				
Capital assets not being depreciated	20,402,099	28,938,929	49,341,028	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	71,146,434	54,927,334	126,073,768	11,271
Total assets	112,895,870	108,283,299	221,179,169	523,651
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on debt refunding	738,731	393,510	1,132,241	
Total assets and deferred outflows	113,634,601	108,676,809	222,311,410	523,651
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,776,448	158,423	1,934,871	19,411
Accounts payable from restricted assets	13,340	521,832	535,172	-
Retainage payable	118,586	319,018	437,604	-
Salaries and benefits payable	224,048	28,368	252,416	-
Customer deposits	-	622,943	622,943	-
Accrued interest	328,860	555,030	883,890	-
Long-term liabilities: (Note 7)				
Portion due or payable within one year:				
Bonds, notes, leases, and contracts payable	1,615,945	1,678,334	3,294,279	-
Compensated absences	-	-	-	7,154
Portion due or payable after one year:				
Bonds, notes, leases, and contracts payable, net	21,110,302	39,326,801	60,437,103	-
Compensated absences	637,679	117,720	755,399	27,186
Total liabilities	25,825,208	43,328,469	69,153,677	53,751
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	79,930,398	52,379,938	132,310,336	11,271
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Capital projects	7,949,648	_	7,949,648	_
Judicial	92,736	_	92,736	_
Public safety	162,482	_	162,482	_
Debt service	-	2,839,327	2,839,327	-
Other purposes	205,864	-	205,864	-
Unrestricted	(531,735)	10,129,075	9,597,340	458,629
Total net position	\$ 87,809,393	\$ 65,348,340	\$ 153,157,733	\$ 469,900

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

]	Program Revenues		Net	(Expense) Revenue	and	
		Fees, Fines and	Operating	Capital	Cl	hanges in Net Positio	on	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Health
Activities:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Department
Governmental:								
General government	\$ 5,842,841	\$ 879,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,963,367)		\$ (4,963,367)	
Judicial	2,042,828	730,570	297,752	-	(1,014,506)		(1,014,506)	
Public safety	9,373,562	957,743	104,046	13,827	(8,297,946)		(8,297,946)	
Public works	7,313,274	22,146	145	3,747,423	(3,543,560)		(3,543,560)	
Health and welfare	696,381	-	212,160	-	(484,221)		(484,221)	
Culture and recreation	3,565,481	1,126,627	45,209	-	(2,393,645)		(2,393,645)	
Housing and development	1,289,329	933,162	-	-	(356,167)		(356,167)	
Interest and fiscal charges	774,656		<u> </u>		(774,656)		(774,656)	
Total governmental activities	30,898,352	4,649,722	659,312	3,761,250	(21,828,068)		(21,828,068)	
Business-type:								
Water and sewer	6,153,294	9,032,461	-	2,216,006		\$ 5,095,173	5,095,173	
Solid waste	376,659	201,281	-	-		(175,378)	(175,378)	
Special facilities	661,248	195,143	10,000	-		(456,105)	(456,105)	
Total business-type activities	7,191,201	9,428,885	10,000	2,216,006		4,463,690	4,463,690	
Component units:								
Oconee County Health Department	741,103	380,502	357,852	_				\$ (2,749)
Total Oconee County	\$ 38,830,656	\$ 14,459,109	\$ 1,027,164	\$ 5,977,256	(21,828,068)	4,463,690	(17,364,378)	+ (=,, ,,
	General revenue	6.						
	Taxes	S.						
		xes, levied for genera	al purposes		10,950,548	-	10,950,548	-
	Sales tax				11,689,332	-	11,689,332	-
	Intangible t	ax			422,899	-	422,899	-
	Business ta				1,410,339	-	1,410,339	-
	Franchise to	axes			270,330	-	270,330	-
	Other taxes				174,417	_	174,417	_
	Investment ea	rnings			15,223	24,336	39,559	1,945
		sal of capital assets			188,220		188,220	
	Transfers	T			(1,142,444)	1,142,444		-
		revenues and transfer	rs		23,978,864	1,166,780	25,145,644	1,945
	<i>y</i>		Change in net pe	osition	2,150,796	5,630,470	7,781,266	(804)
	Net position - b	eginning	- •		85,658,597	59,717,870	145,376,467	470,704
	Net position - e	nding			\$ 87,809,393	\$ 65,348,340	\$ 153,157,733	\$ 469,900

Oconee County, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	General Fund	SPLOST 2009 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 364,749	\$ 3,083,217	\$ 2,219,903	\$ 5,667,869
Investments (Note 2)	9,442,978	- · · · · · · · · -	3,662,870	13,105,848
Accounts receivable, net	145,101	-	161,711	306,812
Taxes receivable, net	211,426	-	3,600	215,026
Internal balances (Note 4)	279,796	-	287,235	567,031
Due from other governments	834,793	505,420	101,991	1,442,204
Prepaid items	198,677	, -	6,666	205,343
Restricted cash (Note 2)	13,340	-	, -	13,340
Total assets	\$ 11,490,860	\$ 3,588,637	\$ 6,443,976	\$ 21,523,473
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW Liabilities:	S OF RESOURCE	S AND FUND BAL	ANCES	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,173,325	\$ 419,669	\$ 178,315	\$ 1,771,309
Retainage payable	=	118,586	<u>-</u>	118,586
Internal balances (Note 4)	421,273	1,176	201,154	623,603
Salaries and benefits payable	210,280	-	18,907	229,187
Bonds and deposits payable	,		,	,
from restricted cash	13,340	_	_	13,340
Total liabilities	1,818,218	539,431	398,376	2,756,025
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable property taxes	203,680	-	3,540	207,220
Unavailable grant reimbursements	312,160	-	· -	312,160
Total deferred inflows	515,840		3,540	519,380
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	198,677	=	6,666	205,343
Restricted				
Capital projects	-	3,049,206	4,900,442	7,949,648
Judicial	-	-	92,736	92,736
Public safety	-	-	162,482	162,482
Culture and recreation	-	-	52,794	52,794
Housing and development	-	=	153,070	153,070
Committed				
Public works	3,352,622	-	-	3,352,622
Assigned				
Subsequent years' budget	777,224	-	-	777,224
Health and welfare	-	-	82,025	82,025
Housing and development	-	-	597,644	597,644
Unassigned	4,828,279	-	(5,799)	4,822,480
Total fund balances	9,156,802	3,049,206	6,042,060	18,248,068
Total liabilities, deferred			 -	
inflows, and fund balances	\$ 11,490,860	\$ 3,588,637	\$ 6,443,976	\$ 21,523,473

87,809,393

Oconee County, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 3) \$ 18,248,068 Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Capital assets not being depreciated 20,402,099 Capital assets, net of depreciation 71,146,434 Total capital assets 91,548,533 Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are 207,220 reported as unavailable property taxes in the funds. Grant reimbrusements are recorded as revenue once the costs for the grant are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting used on the Statement of Net Postion. The remibursements must be received in time to liquidate current obligations to be considered available and reported as revenue in the funds. This adjustment represents revenue not received in time to be considered available. 312,160 The net pension benefit is not recorded on the fund level balance sheet 361.515 as it does represent a current financial resource. The County has made payments of current financial resources for its other postemployment benefits that exceed the normal cost and amortized past service cost of the benefits calculated under the full accrual method of accounting. The total excess payments are reported as an asset 85,952 on the government wide statements. Gains and losses on the refunding of debt issuances are amortized into income during the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the new debt issuance. The unamortized loss is reported as a deferred outflow of resources. 738,731 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at year-end are: Accrued interest \$ (328,860)Bonds, notes, and capital leases payable (22,726,247)Compensated absences - long-term (637,679)Total long-term liabilities (23,692,786)

Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	SPLOST 2009 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 18,610,224	\$ 5,953,996	\$ 131,232	\$ 24,695,452
Licenses and permits	797,567	-	-	797,567
Intergovernmental revenue	3,127,964	-	526,750	3,654,714
Charges for services	2,450,784	-	1,069,526	3,520,310
Fines and forfeitures	351,954	-	71,174	423,128
Investment income	13,278	5,374	6,541	25,193
Contributions and donations	-	-	79,133	79,133
Miscellaneous	83,135	-	18,057	101,192
Total revenues	25,434,906	5,959,370	1,902,413	33,296,689
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,788,803	-	4,558	4,793,361
Judicial	1,599,955	-	438,937	2,038,892
Public safety	6,989,536	-	1,517,073	8,506,609
Public works	5,886,693	-	217,161	6,103,854
Health and welfare	236,056	-	432,172	668,228
Culture and recreation	2,888,058	-	32,550	2,920,608
Housing and development	997,011	-	259,881	1,256,892
Debt service:				
Principal payments	-	1,781,500	-	1,781,500
Interest and fiscal charges	-	504,404	292,112	796,516
Capital outlay:				
General government	-	-	38,051	38,051
Public safety	-	143,968	126,751	270,719
Public works	-	1,800,808	-	1,800,808
Culture and recreation	-	76,620	-	76,620
Housing and development	-	87,500	86,895	174,395
Intergovernmental		846,063		846,063
Total expenditures	23,386,112	5,240,863	3,446,141	32,073,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over/				
(under) expenditures	2,048,794	718,507	(1,543,728)	1,223,573
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	22,998	-	292,220	315,218
Transfers in	83,287	-	1,295,222	1,378,509
Transfers (out)	(1,893,707)	(115,514)	(511,733)	(2,520,954)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,787,422)	(115,514)	1,075,709	(827,227)
Net change in fund balances	261,372	602,993	(468,019)	396,346
Fund balances - beginning	8,895,430	2,446,213	6,510,079	17,851,722
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,156,802	\$ 3,049,206	\$ 6,042,060	\$ 18,248,068

Oconee County, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in *fund* balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 396,346

The change in *net position* reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$3,974,531) is exceeded by depreciation (\$4,804,819) in the current period.

(830,288)

In the Statement of Activities, only the loss on the sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold/disposed (net of accumulated depreciation).

(126,998)

Changes in the net pension benefit (obligation) are not reported in the funds because they do not represent the receipt or consumption of current financial assets. In the Statement of Activities, the change in the net pension benefit is reported as an increase or decrease in expense.

169,002

Under the full accrual method, postemployment benefits expenses are recorded as the benefits are earned. These benefits are recognized as expenditures in the funds as they become a claim on current financial resources. The County accrued the increase in the OPEB obligation which represents the difference between the actuarially determined OPEB costs and the current payment of financial resources.

56,494

Governmental funds do not recognize all tax revenues not collected within 60 days of year end. However, the Statement of Activities uses the accrual basis and, thus, the entire amount is recognized as revenue, regardless of the collection date. This is the net difference in revenue between the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements and the modified accrual basis used in the funds.

47,989

Governmental funds do not recognize certain other revenues not collected within 60 days of year end. However, the Statement of Activities uses the accrual basis, and, thus, the entire amount is recognized as revenue, regardless of the collection date. This is the net difference in revenue between the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements and the modified accrual basis used in the funds.

(614,299)

Oconee County, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Contributions of assets that do not constitute financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds, but are reported as capital grants and contributions in the government-wide Statement of Activities because this statement reports revenue on the full accrual basis. This adjustment represents the estimated fair market value of assets contributed to the County.

1,272,989

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Additionally, interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The amounts of the items that comprise these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are:

Principal repayment	1,781,500
Accrued interest on debt	40,866
Amortization of deferred amount on bond refunding	(38,881)
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	19,878

1.803.363

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net change of the compensated absences account.

(23,802)

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 2,150,796

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

	Enterpris		
	Water and	Other	
	Sewer	Enterprise	
ASSETS	Fund	Funds	Total
Current assets:			
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 4,870,783	\$ 8,944	\$ 4,879,727
Investments, plus accrued interest (Note 2)	2,251,761	· -	2,251,761
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$101,383	981,362	12,496	993,858
Internal balances (Note 4)	1,176	163,960	165,136
Due from other governments	7,435	4,036	11,471
Prepaid items	8,864	4,766	13,630
Total current assets	8,121,381	194,202	8,315,583
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash (Note 2)	1,114,705	-	1,114,705
Restricted investments (Note 2)	4,213,590	-	4,213,590
Investment - UOBWA, net (Note 5)	10,837,506	-	10,837,506
Net pension asset (Note 9)	30,105	14,111	44,216
Capital assets (Note 3)			
Capital assets not being depreciated	28,788,929	150,000	28,938,929
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	53,187,574	1,739,760	54,927,334
Total capital assets	81,976,503	1,889,760	83,866,263
Total noncurrent assets	98,172,409	1,903,871	100,076,280
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on debt refunding	393,510		393,510
Total assets and deferred outflows	106,687,300	2,098,073	108,785,373
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	129,629	28,794	158,423
Accounts payable-construction from restricted investments	521,832		521,832
Retainage payable	319,018	_	319,018
Internal balances (Note 4)	108,564	_	108,564
Salaries and benefits payable	18,798	9,570	28,368
Customer deposits-payable from restricted cash	622,943	-	622,943
Accrued interest	555,030	_	555,030
Bonds, notes and contracts payable (Note 7)	1,678,334	_	1,678,334
Total current liabilities	3,954,148	38,364	3,992,512
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds, notes and contracts payable, net (Note 7)	39,326,801	-	39,326,801
Compensated absences (Note 7)	76,212	41,508	117,720
Total noncurrent liabilities	39,403,013	41,508	39,444,521
Total liabilities	43,357,161	79,872	43,437,033
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	50,490,178	1,889,760	52,379,938
Restricted for debt service	2,839,327	-	2,839,327
Unrestricted	10,000,634	128,441	10,129,075
Total net position	\$ 63,330,139	\$ 2,018,201	\$ 65,348,340
I omi nei position	φ 03,330,137	Ψ 2,010,201	Ψ 05,5π0,5π0

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position **Proprietary Funds** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

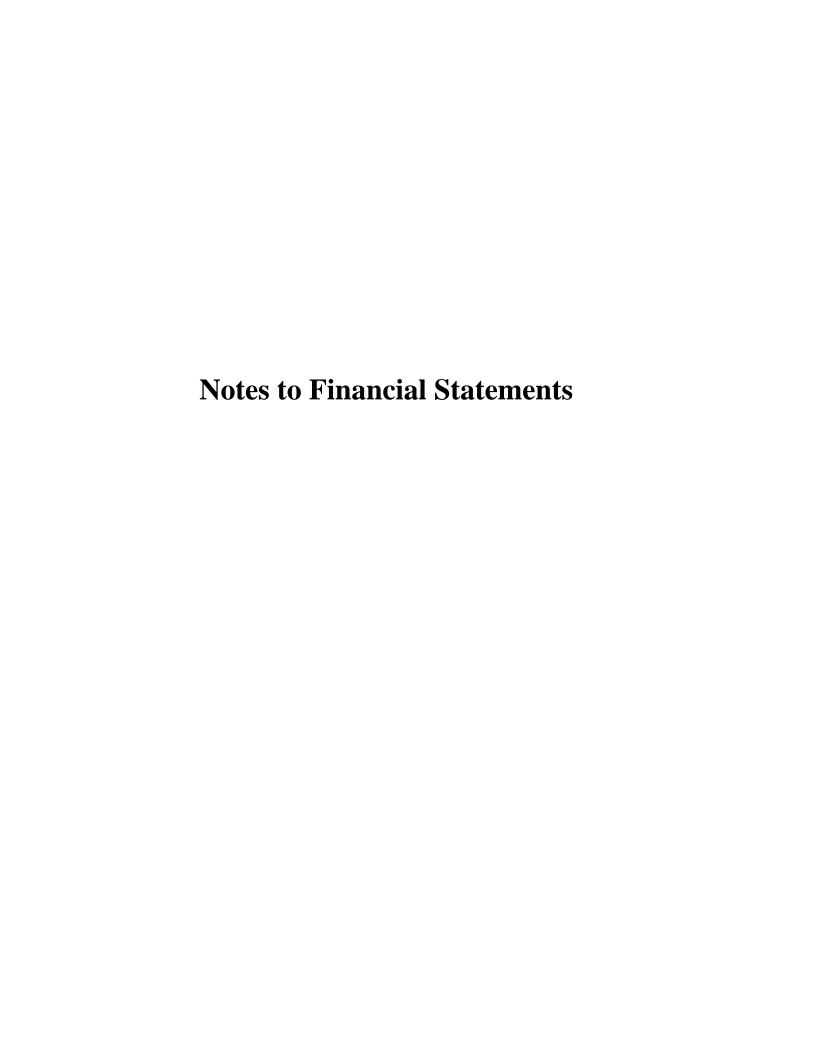
	Enterpi		
	Water and	Other	
	Sewer	Enterprise	
	Fund	Funds	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 6,902,292	\$ 266,116	\$ 7,168,408
Licenses and permits	-	7,000	7,000
Rents and royalties	-	119,723	119,723
Miscellaneous	245,272	13,590	258,862
Total operating revenues	7,147,564	406,429	7,553,993
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	1,265,331	578,173	1,843,504
Other contracted services	77,168	173,168	250,336
Water purchase and treatment costs	1,293,365	-	1,293,365
Supplies and materials	70,926	43,105	114,031
Repairs and maintenance	443,596	27,608	471,204
Utilities	381,417	69,241	450,658
Insurance	9,860	8,217	18,077
Depreciation	1,514,280	83,671	1,597,951
Other charges	95,230	54,724	149,954
Total operating expenses	5,151,173	1,037,907	6,189,080
Operating income (loss)	1,996,391	(631,478)	1,364,913
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment earnings	24,327	-	24,327
Water availability fees	1,036,765	-	1,036,765
Sewer capacity fees	619,485	-	619,485
Sewer connection fees	228,650	-	228,650
Amortization expense - UOBWA	(167,378)	-	(167,378)
Interest expense	(834,743)	-	(834,743)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	907,106		907,106
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,903,497	(631,478)	2,272,019
Capital contributions	2,216,006	_	2,216,006
Transfers in	510,967	631,478	1,142,445
Transfers in	310,707	031,470	1,172,773
Change in net position	5,630,470	-	5,630,470
Total net position - beginning, as originally reported	57,699,669	2,018,201	59,717,870
Total net position - ending	\$ 63,330,139	\$ 2,018,201	\$ 65,348,340

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds					
		Vater and Sewer		Other nterprise		T. 4.1
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Fund		Funds		Total
Receipts from customers	\$	6,590,819	\$	397,096	\$	6,987,915
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(2,288,494)	Ψ	(407,567)	Ψ	(2,696,061)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(1,270,078)		(583,301)		(1,853,379)
Receipts from others		245,266		1,368		246,634
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,277,513		(592,404)		2,685,109
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	c					
Transfers in		_		631,478		631,478
Interfund loans - proceeds and collections		17,193		(19,527)		(2,334)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		17,193		611,951		629,144
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(4,917,404)		(12,036)		(4,929,440)
Transfers in used for construction of capital assets		510,965		-		510,965
Proceeds from issuance of debt		2,673,627		-		2,673,627
Principal payments on debt		(1,135,796)		-		(1,135,796)
Interest payments on debt		(894,947)		-		(894,947)
Sewer capacity and connection fees from customers		1,884,900				1,884,900
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(1,878,655)		(12,036)		(1,890,691)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends		24,327		-		24,327
Purchase of investments		(345,127)		-		(345,127)
Proceeds from sale of investments		480,673				480,673
Net cash provided by investing activities		159,873		-		159,873
Net change in cash		1,575,924		7,511		1,583,435
Cash - beginning		4,409,564		1,433		4,410,997
Cash - end	\$	5,985,488	\$	8,944	\$	5,994,432
Displayed as:						
Cash	\$	4,870,783	\$	8,944	\$	4,879,727
Restricted cash - noncurrent		1,114,705			_	1,114,705
	\$	5,985,488	\$	8,944	\$	5,994,432
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,996,391	\$	(631,478)	\$	1,364,913
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		1,514,280		83,671		1,597,951
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Receivables, net		(417,634)		(9,333)		(426,967)
Prepaid items		(750)		(899)		(1,649)
Due from other governments		3,845		1,368		5,213
Net pension asset		(14,179)		(6,525)		(20,704)
Accounts payable		83,821		(30,605)		53,216
Accrued expenses		2,975		(4,074)		(1,099)
Customer deposits		102,307		- 5 171		102,307
Compensated absences	•	6,457	•	5,471	Ф.	11,928
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,277,513	\$	(592,404)	\$	2,685,109
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:						
Discount on GEFA note	\$	1,253,965	\$	-	\$	1,253,965
Contribution of water system assets		962,041		-		962,041

Oconee County, Georgia Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Agency
ASSETS	Funds
Cash	\$ 654,195
Total assets	654,195
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	654,195
Total liabilities	654,195
NET POSITION	\$ -



Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Oconee County was incorporated under the laws of the State of Georgia in 1875. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners. Each commissioner is elected to a four-year term. The Chairman serves as the full-time Chief Executive Officer and the other four commissioners serve on a part-time basis. The Chairman is responsible for the daily operations of the County.

The financial statements of Oconee County, Georgia (the County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Oconee County (the primary government) and its component units. The County implemented the guidance of GASB Statement No. 61 *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, which amends some of the provisions of Statement 14, as of July 1, 2012. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- * the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its own name)
- * the County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- * the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- * the County is able to impose its will on the organization
- * the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- * there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the County's component units. They are included because, if excluded, the County's financial statements would be misleading. They are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the County. The following component units are included in the statements:

Oconee County Health Department - The Health Department was created by state legislative act in 1964 to provide various health related programs such as immunization, family planning, and nutrition services. It operates under an Executive Officer and a seven member board comprised of the following: the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, the Oconee County School Superintendent, and the Mayor of the City of Watkinsville, three at-large members appointed by the County, and one at-large member appointed by the City of Watkinsville. Because the County appoints a majority of the Health Department's board and provides funding in support of the Health Department, it is reported as discretely presented component unit of the County.

The County made appropriations to the Health Department totaling \$90,175 during the year.

The Health Department issues its own financial statements and it has a June 30 fiscal year end. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained its administrative offices at:

Oconee County Health Department 160 Experiment Station Road Post Office Box 222 Watkinsville, Georgia 30677

Blended Component Units - Based on the GASB criteria, the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority (OCIDA) qualifies as a blended component unit.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Oconee County Industrial Development Authority - The financial operations of OCIDA are presented in its stand-alone statements as governmental activities. The five voting members of the OCIDA include the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, the President of the Oconee County Chamber of Commerce, the Mayor of the City of Watkinsville, and two at-large members appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. Substantially all of the financial operations of the Authority are subject to the prior approval of the Board of Commissioners. The OCIDA issued its Series 2012 Industrial Revenue Bonds which are payable only from payments by Oconee County pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement. Because substantially all of the debt of the OCIDA will be paid by resources of the County, the OCIDA is reported as a blended component unit.

The OCIDA issues its own financial statements and has a June 30 year end. Complete financial statements of the OCIDA can be obtained from its administrative offices at:

Oconee County Industrial Development Authority Post Office Box 145 Watkinsville, Georgia 30677

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPLOST 2009 – This is a capital projects fund established to account for all special local option sales tax revenues collected as a result of the County's 2009 SPLOST referendum as well as the specifically identified projects for which the SPLOST tax was established.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the County's water and sewer system.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Agency Funds – These funds account for monies held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Following are the agency funds of the County at June 30, 2014: Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Superior Court, Probate Court, Magistrate Court and Juvenile Court.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the May Commissioners' meeting, department heads must submit their requests for budgets for the coming year.
- 2. The Board of Commissioners meets with each department head to discuss their requests and make necessary adjustments.
- 3. The revised requests are reviewed at the May Commissioners' meeting.
- 4. The final budget is approved at the June Commissioners' meeting.
- 5. Department heads may make lateral changes to the budget within their department. Any increase in total departmental budgets, however, must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

6. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, but is adopted at the department level and presented as such in the financials. A reconciliation from the department level to current expenditures, debt service expenditures and transfers out is provided. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. An operating budget is prepared for each Enterprise Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes. Budgetary amounts are not formally integrated into the Enterprise Fund general ledgers.

D. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of money are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used by the County. There were no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2014.

E. Deposits and Investments

Cash consists of demand and interest-bearing deposits held in banks. All bank deposits must be collateralized by an amount equal to 110% of uninsured deposits of the State of Georgia or U.S. obligations or direct loans to the County. General Fund cash balances in excess of amounts required for the County's daily operating activities were invested in either the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool or Certificates of Deposit during the fiscal year.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments that represent certificates of deposits with an original maturity greater than 90 days are recorded at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market value. Investments with quoted market prices, such as obligations of the federal government, are reported at the quoted market price.

F. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, when material. Water and Sewer Fund allowances for uncollectible accounts, netted with accounts receivable, were \$101,383 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

G. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County bills and collects its own property taxes as well as the taxes for the County School District and several cities within the County. County property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Property taxes were levied on August 27, 2013. The collection period for property taxes was September 10, 2013 through November 15, 2013. Taxes receivable at June 30, 2014 amounted to \$215,026 while unavailable property taxes totaled \$207,220.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, net of related interest earned, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	15-50
Building and improvements	10-50
Water and sewer distribution system	20-50
Vehicles	4-20
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-10

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34, the County has retroactively identified all infrastructure assets placed in service prior to July 1, 2002 and has recorded those assets which fall within the County's capitalization policy.

J. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and comp time balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 16, concerning Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Compensated absence balances related to governmental activities are liquidated through the General Fund.

K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of restricted cash and investments. These resources have been set aside for customer deposits, debt service reserves for the water and sewerage revenue bonds, construction of the Hard Labor Creek Reservoir, and the repayment of the contract payable with WCWSA.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

L. Fund Equity

As of June 30, 2011, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* in an effort to improve the consistency in reporting fund balance components, enhance fund balance presentation, improve the usefulness of fund balance information, and clarify the definitions of the governmental fund types. As a result of the implementation, the governmental funds now report the following five categories of fund balance: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of Board of Commissioners. Oconee County Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Oconee County Board of Commissioners.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Through board action, the Board of Commissioners has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balances.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance or net position is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the County has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding custodial credit risk is to comply with the state law requiring collateralization of uninsured deposits up to 110% of the value of the deposits. As of June 30, 2014, none of the County's deposits was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments, continued

Investments

Credit Risk

Georgia law authorizes local governments to invest in the following types of obligations:

Obligations of the State of Georgia or any other states;

Obligations issued by the United States;

Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or governmental agency;

Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;

Prime bankers' acceptances;

The State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool;

Repurchase agreements; and

Obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2014, the County had \$17,645,640 invested in Georgia Fund 1. Georgia Fund 1, created by *O.C.G.A. 36-83-8*, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAm rated money market funds. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool is managed by the Office of the State Treasurer. Its primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share.

Interest Rate Risk

The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. GASB Statement 40 requires disclosure when the percent is 5% or more in any one issuer. The County had no investments that met this requirement at year-end.

Foreign Currency Risk

The County is not exposed to foreign currency risks as all deposits and investments are denominated in US dollars.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments, continued

As of June 30, 2014, the County had the following investments:

Type of Investment	Credit Risk	Maturities	Fair Value
Unrestricted:			
Water and Sewer Fund			
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	62 days	329,467
Certificates of deposit		12 month	1,922,294
General Fund			
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	62 days	9,442,978
SPLOST 2004 Fund			
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	62 days	3,662,870
D 1			
Restricted:			
Water and Sewer Fund			
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	62 days	4,210,325
Fidelity Treasury Money Market Shares	AAAm	53 days	3,265
	Total restricted		4,213,590
	Total investments		\$ 19,571,199

The maturities of the County's investments in Georgia Fund 1 and the Fidelity Treasury Money Market Shares is calculated based on a weighted average maturity of the investments held in the respective funds.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the investments held by the County are either insured or registered in the name of the County. The County has no policy on custodial credit risk for investments.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments, continued

Restricted Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the County had the following restricted assets:

<u>Purpose</u>	 Balance
General Fund	
Liability bonds payable	\$ 13,340
Water and Compare Found	
Water and Sewer Fund	
Debt service reserve 2009 bonds	739,530
Debt service reserve 2012 bonds	101,667
Construction proceeds - WCWSA 2012 GEFA	273,508
Restricted cash - noncurrent	1,114,705
Water and Sewer Fund	
Construction proceeds 2008 WCWSA Contract Payable	1,594,283
Debt service reserve 2008 WCWSA Contract Payable	1,994,865
Debt service reserve 2003 bonds	3,265
Customer deposits	 621,177
Restricted investments - noncurrent	\$ 4,213,590

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 11,709,663	\$ 177,273	\$ 126,998	\$ 11,759,938	
Construction in progress	5,682,741	3,049,649	90,229	8,642,161	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,392,404	3,226,922	217,227	20,402,099	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	105,505,526	1,597,065	-	107,102,591	
Buildings and improvements	43,556,018	96,215	-	43,652,233	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	14,489,971	417,547	66,788	14,840,730	
Total capital assets being depreciated	163,551,515	2,110,827	66,788	165,595,554	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	68,931,596	2,617,840	-	71,549,436	
Buildings and improvements	10,261,595	1,370,783	-	11,632,378	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	10,517,898	816,196	66,788	11,267,306	
Total accumulated depreciation	89,711,089	4,804,819	66,788	94,449,120	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	73,840,426	(2,693,992)		71,146,434	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 91,232,830	\$ 532,930	\$ 217,227	\$ 91,548,533	

Note 3: Capital Assets, continued

General government	\$ 308,553
Judicial	21,934
Public safety	991,945
Public works	2,727,416
Health and welfare	32,403
Culture and recreation	663,768
Housing and development	58,800
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 4,804,819

Total interest cost incurred for governmental activities was \$774,656. All of the interest cost incurred for governmental activities was expensed.

Business-type Activities:	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Water and Sewer Fund:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,442,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,442,714
Construction in progress	20,210,834	5,637,703	560,617	25,287,920
Intangibles	58,296			58,296
Total capital assets not being depreciated	23,711,844	5,637,703	560,617	28,788,930
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Treatment and distribution system	72,330,522	1,522,657	-	73,853,179
Buildings and improvements	296,136	-	-	296,136
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	988,791	19,062		1,007,853
Total capital assets being depreciated	73,615,449	1,541,719		75,157,168
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Treatment and distribution system	19,500,941	1,461,870	-	20,962,811
Buildings and improvements	105,135	9,533	-	114,668
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	849,239	42,877		892,116
Total accumulated depreciation	20,455,315	1,514,280		21,969,595
Capital assets being depreciated, net	53,160,134	27,439		53,187,573
Water and sewer capital assets, net	76,871,978	5,665,142	560,617	81,976,503

Note 3: Capital Assets, continued

Total Non-major Busine	ess-type Activities
------------------------	---------------------

Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	150,000			150,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	44,865	-	-	44,865
Buildings and improvements	2,836,369	-	-	2,836,369
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	276,178	12,036	9,236	278,978
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,157,412	12,036	9,236	3,160,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	28,990	2,244	-	31,234
Buildings and improvements	1,123,717	63,063	-	1,186,780
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	193,310	18,364	9,236	202,438
Total accumulated depreciation	1,346,017	83,671	9,236	1,420,452
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,811,395	(71,635)		1,739,760
Total non-major business-type activities, net	1,961,395	(71,635)		1,889,760
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 78,833,373	\$ 5,593,507	\$ 560,617	\$ 83,866,263

Note 4: Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

	Due from:										
SPLOST 2009											
			C	apital			7	Vater &			
	(General	P	rojects	N	on-major		Sewer			
Due to:	Fund			Fund	•			Fund		Total	
Governmental funds											
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	171,232	\$	108,564	\$	279,796	
Non-major Gov't Funds		257,313		-		29,922		-		287,235	
Enterprise funds											
Water and Sewer Fund		-		1,176		-		-		1,176	
Non-major Enterprise Funds		163,960		-		-		-		163,960	
	\$	421,273	\$	1,176	\$	201,154	\$	108,564	\$	732,167	

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions are executed or are the result of the General Fund maintaining the cash for another fund. Balances that are the result transactions between funds are the result of current transactions and will be settled within the next year. Balances in which the General Fund is the custodian for cash belonging to another fund will be settled when the resources are expended by the fund that has the economic claim on the cash. The County expects that all but \$227,284 of the funds held by the General Fund for a non-major governmental fund will be repaid during the coming year.

Note 4: Interfund Balances and Activity, continued

Transfers to/from Other Funds

	Transfers in:							
						N	Ionmajor	
	(General	Nonmajor	V	Vater and	E	nterprise	
Transfers Out:		Fund	Gov't Funds	Se	wer Fund		Funds	Total
Governmental funds								
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 1,277,229	\$	-	\$	616,478	\$ 1,893,707
SPLOST 2009		-	-		115,514		-	115,514
Non-major Gov't Funds		83,287	17,993		395,453		15,000	511,733
	\$	83,287	\$ 1,295,222	\$	510,967	\$	631,478	\$ 2,520,954

The General Fund transferred out \$1,277,229 to nonmajor gov't funds and \$616,478 to nonmajor enterprise funds to assist in the daily fund operations and to fund capital projects. Included in the transfers from the General Fund to the nonmajor gov't funds are transfers to the E-911 fund used to supplement the E-911. The nonmajor gov't funds and the SPLOST 2009 Fund transferred \$395,453 and \$115,514, respectively, to the Water and Sewer Fund to assist with capital projects as was approved by the voters in SPLOST referendums. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund and other nonmajor governmental funds were made to allow for a project to be accounted for within a single fund or to allow resources to be spent within funds that are required to spend certain funds. The nonmajor funds transferred \$75,674 of proceeds from a land sale to the General Fund to improve infrastructure.

Note 5: Other Assets

Investment in Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority

The County, along with three other counties, is a member of the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority (UOBWA). The purpose of this venture was to construct a reservoir and water treatment plant that would provide water for the counties involved. Each government is responsible for a pro-rata share of the costs based on population.

In March 2005, the UOBWA issued \$48,155,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005. The proceeds of the bonds were used to advance refund the Series 1997 Bonds maturing in the years 2009 and thereafter and to pay certain expenses incident to the issuance of the bonds. The County's share of the bond debt is 20.929%. An Investment in UOBWA and an offsetting Contract Payable have been recorded in the Oconee County Water and Sewer Fund to recognize this investment and obligation.

The investment costs are amortized over the useful lives of the underlying assets of the investment. Approximately 10% of the total investment costs represent the investment into the land, 50% represent the investment into the reservoir, which has a useful life of 100 years, and 40% represent the investment into the treatment plant, which has a useful life of 50 years.

Investment in UOBWA at year-end consisted of the following:

Initial cash costs	\$ 70,221
Contract payable for 20.959% of revenue bond liability	12,733,127
Additional cash investments	41,250
	 12,844,598
Accumulated amortization	(2,007,092)
Investment in UOBWA, net	\$ 10,837,506

Financial statements for the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority can be obtained at the following address: Northeast Georgia Regional Commission, 305 Research Drive, Athens, Georgia 30605-2795.

Note 6: Unavailable Grant Reimbursement

The County received a grant from the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) to assist in funding the widening of Mars Hill Road. One of the requirements for receiving reimbursement under that grant is that the grant reimbursements be of sufficient size before they are submitted to the GDOT. The County accumulated \$312,160 of unreimbursed cost as of June 30. Because the reimbursement of costs incurred through June 30 was not received by the County soon enough to be considered "available", the County did not report revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the general fund. Revenue was reported in the governmental activities on the statement of activities because there is no requirement that the funds be "available" under the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations

Governmental Activities

Categories of Debt

General Obligation Bonds

In March 2003, the County issued Series 2003 Oconee County, Georgia General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$11,780,000, with interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 5.5%. The bonds are being repaid through revenues from the SPLOST 2009 Fund, in principal installments of \$225,000 to \$725,000. The proceeds were used for a recreation project which consists of the acquisition, development and equipping of a new park.

In September 2011, the County issued \$10,095,000 of Series 2011 Oconee County, Georgia General Obligation Bonds with coupon rates ranging from 1.5% to 5.5% The proceeds were used to advance refund the remaining outstanding balance of \$9,805,000 of the Series 2003 Oconee County, Georgia General Obligation Bonds. The Series 2011 bonds were issued at a premium of \$428,875 and had issuance costs of \$211,235. The County had net proceeds of \$10,312,550 most of which was deposited into an irrevocable escrow account to pay the required principal and interest payments on the Series 2003 bonds as they come due. Because the County has placed an amount sufficient to retire the Series 2003 bonds in an irrevocable escrow, these bonds are considered defeased. Consequently, the Series 2003 bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The Series 2003 bonds had a net carrying value of \$9,766,627 at the time that they were defeased by placing \$10,311,448 into the irrevocable escrow account. The \$544,491 difference has been included netted against the Series 2011 bonds and is being amortized over the life of the new debt. The County will save \$745,129 of debt service costs over the 22 years that the new debt is outstanding. The savings have a net present value of \$695,597.

Contract Payable - OCIDA

During March 2012, the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority issued \$10,380,000 of Series 2012 Revenue Bonds with coupon rates ranging from 2% to 4%. The proceeds from these bonds were used to provide incentives for a large private employer to locate a factory within the county. The bonds are repayable solely through the proceeds of an intergovernmental contract which calls for the County to make all of the required debt service payments on the bonds. Pursuant to this contract, the County has agreed to assess property taxes sufficient to make all of the required debt service payments provided that the necessary taxes will not exceed one mill per dollar of assessed value. Because the County is unconditionally liable for the payment of the debt, a contract payable for the entire present value of the debt is reported on the Statement of Net Position. Because the OCIDA is only responsible for repayment of the bonds to the extent it receives payment under the intergovernmental agreement, the bonds are not reported as a liability of the OCIDA.

Installment Note

On June 29, 2006, the County and the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) entered into a \$9,000,000 Installment Sale Agreement with Wells Fargo for financing of a 130 bed jail in Oconee County, as authorized by *O.C.G.A. 36-60-13*. The Installment Sale Agreement includes interest payments at a rate of 3.85% per annum, is renewable annually and originally called for the principal and interest to be payable in 120 monthly installments of approximately \$90,737. During fiscal year 2008, Amendment One to the Installment Sale Agreement was executed as a result of a \$1.1 million principal pre-payment.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

Installment Note, continued

As a result of this pre-payment, the monthly installments dropped to \$90,116 and are expected to be repaid by February 2015. ACCG will transfer certain of its interest in the Installment Sale Agreement under the terms of the transfer agreement by and between ACCG and Wells Fargo and will secure such assignment and stated obligations under the Installment Sale agreement with security title to the transferred property pursuant to a deed to secure debt from ACCG to Wells Fargo.

Capital Leases

On May 5, 2010, the County entered into a \$3,200,000 lease-purchase agreement for establishing a new 700/800 MHz regional radio communication system. The lease is for a period of six years at an interest rate of 3.65% and will be liquidated by payments from the SPLOST 2009 Capital Projects Fund. The lease is payable in six annual payments. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments at the date of inception. The assets received under the lease are depreciated under the County's capital asset depreciation policy and the resulting expense is reported as a component of depreciation expense.

	- H	Historical Cost	Accumulated Depreciation
Radio Communication System	\$	3,205,700	57,088

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2014:

	Governmental Activities
Year Ending June, 30	
2015	500,000
2016	700,000
2017	400,545
Minimum lease payments	1,600,545
Less: Interest	(106,883)
Net present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 1,493,662

Conduit Debt

The Oconee County Industrial Development Authority (OCIDA), a blended component unit of the County, has issued several industrial revenue bonds that were used to finance the cost of the acquisition, equipping and improvement of certain land and buildings located in Oconee County, Georgia. The total amount of industrial revenue bonds outstanding at year end was \$23,685,000, made up of three issues. The Authority receives an annual administrative fee of \$10,000 in connection with the issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds. This fee is reported as other income in the financial statements. Although this debt bear's the name of the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority, the Authority has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf the debt was issued. Therefore, no liability has been reflected in the financial statements for this debt.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

Conduit Debt, continued

OCIDA also issued \$10,380,000 of Series 2012 Industrial Revenue Bonds. The proceeds from these bonds were used to provide incentives for a large private employer to locate with Oconee County. All of the bonds were outstanding at year end. The County has agreed to pay all of the debt service costs associated with this bond issuance as part of intergovernmental agreement between OCIDA and the County. The Series 2012 bonds provide that the only source of repayment is the payments made by the County pursuant to the intergovernmental agreement. The County reports a long term liability in its governmental activities for these bonds. Further disclosure related to these bonds is located in the "Contract Payable - OCIDA" section of this note disclosure.

Business-type Activities

Revenue Bonds

Series 2003 Bonds

In July 2003, the County issued Series 2003 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$9,375,000, with interest rates ranging from 1.35% to 4.5%. The bonds are being repaid through operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, in principal installments of \$215,000 to \$1,480,000. The proceeds of the issue have been used to purchase the land on which the LAS site is located (the County was previously leasing this property), to refinance the GEFA loan, to pay the premium for a surety bond that will fund the debt service reserve, to pay the premium for a municipal bond new issue insurance policy and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 2003 Bonds. The remaining proceeds were used to finance additions, improvements, extensions and expansions of the water and sewer system of the County. The majority of the Series 2003 bonds were advance refunded by the County's issuance of the Series 2012 bonds. At year-end, the Series 2003 Bonds had an outstanding balance of \$100,000. Interest of 4% is due semiannually on the outstanding balance until September 2024 when the outstanding interest and principal are due.

Series 2009 Bonds

In September 2009, the County issued \$7,095,000 of its Series 2009 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds with an average interest cost of 3.18%. These bonds consist of serial bonds bearing various fixed rates ranging from 2% to 4% with annual maturities from September 2011 through September 2019. The net proceeds of \$7,129,309 (\$7,095,000 face value plus \$227,288 issuance premium less \$192,980 in issuance costs) were used to complete a current refunding of the Series 1998 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds with a total principal amount outstanding of \$7,470,000 and an average interest rate of 4.75%.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference amounted to \$557,730 and is being charged to interest expense through the year 2020 using the straight-line method.

Series 2012 Bonds

During July 2012, the County issued \$6,740,000 of Series 2012 Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewerage Refunding Revenue Bonds with coupon rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,295,000 with issuance costs of \$177,500 which yielded net proceeds of \$7,857,500. The proceeds of these bonds were used to advance refund \$7,390,000 of the remaining outstanding balance of the Series 2003 Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. Assets sufficient to pay the \$7,390,000 of Series 2003 Bonds were placed in escrow upon the closing of the Series 2012 Bonds. These assets were paid out of escrow and the \$7,390,000 of Series 2003 Bonds were retired during September 2012. After the refunding, the Series 2003 bonds had a remaining outstanding balance of \$360,000. As of June 30, the Series 2003 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds had an outstanding balance of \$100,000.

Prior to the refunding, the total cash flows required to retire the refunded portion of the Series 2003 Bonds was \$10,223,233. The total cash flows required to retire the Series 2012 Bonds is \$9,529,903. The economic gain on refunding is calculated by discounting the total cash flow savings to their present value using the average yield of the Series 2012 Bonds as the discount rate. The economic gain on refunding is \$671,223. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference amounted to \$557,730 and is being charged to interest expense through the year 2020 using the straight-line method.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

Contract Payable- UOBWA

In November 1997, Oconee County entered into a supplemental contract with the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority. This contract indicated that the UOBWA would issue Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 totaling \$60,770,000. By signing the contract, Oconee County agreed to pay the Issuer amounts sufficient to pay 20.959% of the debt service of the Series 1997 Bonds, totaling \$12,677,837.

In March 2005, Oconee County entered into an additional supplemental contract with the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority (UOBWA). This contract indicated that the UOBWA would issue Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, in the principal amount of \$48,155,000 in order to advance refund the UOBWA's Series 1997 Bonds maturing in the years 2009 and thereafter and to pay certain expenses incident to the issuance of the Bonds. Again, by signing the contract, Oconee County agreed to pay the Issuer amounts sufficient to pay 20.959% of the debt service of the Series 2005 Bonds as well as the Series 1997 Bonds maturing in years 2005-2008. Interest payments were funded through July 1, 2005 from the proceeds of the Series 2005 Bond. The County is making monthly payments covering annual debt service requirements from \$562,679 to \$901,289, with a coupon interest rate varying from 2.00% to 5.125%. The contract matures on July 1, 2027. This advanced refunding of the 1997 bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference amounted to \$618,294 and is being amortized over the remaining life of the new debt.

Contract Payable - WCWSA

In October 2007, Oconee County entered into an Intergovernmental Contract-Reservoir Project with Walton County and the Walton County Water and Sewerage Authority (WCWSA). This contract indicated that WCWSA would issue the Walton County Water and Sewerage Authority Revenue Bonds (Oconee-Hard Labor Creek Reservoir Project), Series 2008 totaling \$19,535,000. The proceeds from the Series 2008 Bonds will be used by the Authority for the purpose of financing or refinancing all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, installing and equipping a reservoir and related treatment and transmission facilities, paying capitalized interest on the Series 2008 Bonds, funding a debt service reserve and paying the costs of issuing the Series 2008 Bonds.

Under the terms of the Contract, the County has agreed to pay the Authority amounts sufficient to pay the debt service on the Series 2008 Bonds. The County intends to make the Contract Payments with moneys derived from its water and sewerage system. However, the County System Revenues have not been pledged as security for the Contract Payments or the Series 2008 Bonds. In the event that the County System Revenues are insufficient to make the Contract Payments, the County has agreed to levy an ad valorem property tax, unlimited as to rate or amount, on all property in the County subject to taxation for such purposes in order to make the Contract Payments. The County will make semiannual payments over to the Authority, ranging from \$309,486 to \$1,228,500 over the life of the contract. The contract matures on February 1, 2038.

WCWSA and the County agreed that based on the a reevaluation of the costs that each had incurred on the HLC project that the County would make payments that would satisfy the debt service requirements for \$18,822,851 of the total Series 2008 bonds. The reduction in the amount that the contract requires the County to make also resulted in a reduction in the County's claim on the unspent proceeds of the Series 2008 bonds. Accordingly, the change did not affect the net position of the Water and Sewer Fund. The beginning balance of the contract payable was restated to reflect this agreement.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

Note Payable – GEFA

The Walton County Water and Sewer Authority entered into a note payable with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) during 2013. Oconee County is obligated to pay 28.8% of the amounts payable under that note pursuant to the intergovernmental agreement that establishes the Hard Labor Creek Reservoir Project (HLC). The note allows for up to \$20,000,000 of borrowing, of which the County's share would be \$5,760,000. At year-end, the total borrowed to date was \$10,194,076, of which the County is responsible for paying \$2,935,894. The note calls for no interest to be paid during the construction period, which continues until September 2015. During the repayment period, interest will accrue on the outstanding principal balance at 1%. Interest only payments will be made annually. All remaining outstanding interest and the outstanding principal will be paid in one payment on December 31, 2052. Because the note bears interest at a rate that differs substantially from the market interest rate available to the County, the accounting standards required that the County discount the required debt service payments using the County's market yield on debt with similar terms. The County estimated that the market yield that it would be required to pay would be 3% and used this rate to calculate the discount on this debt. This discount will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Contract payable - OCIDA	\$ 10,380,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,380,000	\$ 410,000
Less: discount	(11,159)	<u> </u>	(540)	(10,619)	
Net contract payable	10,368,841		(540)	10,369,381	410,000
General obligation bonds	10,095,000	-	320,000	9,775,000	50,000
Issuance premiums	398,158		20,418	377,740	
Total bonds payable	10,493,158		340,418	10,152,740	50,000
Compensated absences	613,877	381,864	358,062	637,679	-
Capital Leases	1,923,456	-	429,794	1,493,662	445,481
Installment note payable	1,742,170		1,031,706	710,464	710,464
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,141,502	\$ 381,864	\$ 2,159,440	\$ 23,363,926	\$ 1,615,945

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year	
Business-type activities:						
Note payable - GEFA	\$ 262,267	\$ 2,673,627	\$ -	\$ 2,935,894	\$ -	
Less: discount on GEFA note	(127,508)	(1,253,965)		(1,381,473)		
Total note payable	134,759	1,419,662		1,554,421		
Contracts payable						
UOBWA Contract payable	8,051,399	-	410,796	7,640,603	425,468	
WCWSA Contract payable	18,822,852	-	-	18,822,852	452,866	
Less: issuance discount	(114,169)		(4,612)	(109,557)		
Total contracts payable	26,760,082	_	406,184	26,353,898	878,334	
Bonds payable:						
Revenue bonds	12,635,000	-	725,000	11,910,000	800,000	
Deferred amounts:						
Issuance discounts	(2,232)	-	(223)	(2,009)	-	
Issuance premiums	1,328,433	-	139,608	1,188,825	-	
Total bonds payable	13,961,201		864,385	13,096,816	800,000	
Compensated absences - Water	69,755	23,874	17,417	76,212		
Compensated absences - Nonmajor	36,037	16,087	12,115	40,009	-	
Total Business-type activities	\$ 40,961,834	\$ 1,459,623	\$ 1,300,101	\$ 41,121,356	\$ 1,678,334	

The business-type bonds payable amounts reported above consist of the following individual revenue bond issues:

	20	2003 Series		2009 Series		2012 Series		Total
Outstanding bond payable	\$	100,000	\$	5,070,000	\$	6,740,000	\$	11,910,000
Unamortized discount		(2,009)		-		-		(2,009)
Unamortized premium				117,432		1,071,393		1,188,825
Net total	\$	97,991	\$	5,187,432	\$	7,811,393	\$	13,096,816

All business-type notes, contracts and bonds payable presented above represent liabilities of the Water and Sewer Fund.

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Governmental activities

Year Ending		Installı	nent N	ote	General Obligation Bonds			Contract Payable - OCI			OCIDA					
June 30,	P	rincipal]	Interest	Principal		Interest Principal		ncipal Interest Principal		rincipal Interest Pi		Principal]	Interest
2015	\$	710,464	\$	9,648	\$	50,000	\$	381,200	\$	410,000	\$	292,112				
2016		-		-		390,000		380,380		415,000		283,912				
2017		-		-		400,000		371,235		425,000		273,862				
2018		-		-		415,000		351,235		440,000		261,112				
2019		-		-		435,000		330,485		445,000		252,312				
2020 - 2024		-		-		2,415,000		1,357,600		2,380,000		1,111,494				
2025 - 2029		-		-		2,920,000		819,403		2,710,000		784,352				
2030 - 2034						2,750,000		263,903		3,155,000		340,776				
	\$	710,464	\$	9,648	\$	9,775,000	\$	4,255,441	\$	10,380,000	\$	3,599,932				

Business-type activities

		Water and Sewer Fund											
		2003 Rev	enue B	onds		2009 Revenue Bonds				2012 Revenue Bonds			
Year Ending	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal]	Interest		Principal	Interest		
June 30,													
2015	\$	-	\$	4,500	\$	800,000	\$	175,263	\$	-	\$	305,000	
2016		-		4,500		820,000		152,963		230,000		302,700	
2017		-		4,500		845,000		126,931		240,000		298,000	
2018		-		4,500		870,000		95,800		250,000		291,850	
2019		-		4,500		900,000		55,900		265,000		284,125	
2020 - 2024		100,000		20,250		835,000		16,700		5,755,000		821,075	
	\$	100,000	\$	42,750	\$	5,070,000	\$	623,557	\$	6,740,000	\$	2,302,750	

Note 7: Long-term Obligations, continued

	Contract Pa	yable - UOBWA	Contract Pays	able - WCWSA	Note Payable - GEFA		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
June 30,							
2015	\$ 425,468	\$ 375,740	\$ 452,866	\$ 902,131	\$ -	\$ -	
2016	447,475	353,935	467,319	884,016	-	7,312	
2017	469,482	331,561	486,590	865,324	-	29,494	
2018	492,537	308,087	505,861	845,860	-	29,494	
2019	517,687	283,460	525,132	825,626	-	29,494	
2020 - 2024	2,999,233	1,006,797	2,991,807	3,772,459	-	147,469	
2025 - 2029	2,288,721	221,275	3,772,279	2,989,158	-	147,469	
2030 - 2034	-	-	4,822,543	1,946,602	-	147,469	
2035 - 2039	-	-	4,798,455	614,260	-	147,469	
2040 - 2044	-	-	-	-	-	147,469	
2045 - 2049	-	-	-	-	-	147,469	
2050 - 2053		<u> </u>			2,935,894	117,976	
	\$ 7,640,603	\$ 2,880,855	\$ 18,822,852	\$ 13,645,436	\$ 2,935,894	\$ 1,098,584	

Debt Covenants

The bond and note indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverage ratios. Management believes the County is in compliance with all such significant financial limitations and restrictions.

Capitalization of Interest

Interest costs incurred in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund during construction are capitalized, net of interest income from the proceeds of related tax-exempt debt, as part of the cost of the related assets of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund.

	interest costs incurred		Interest costs pitalized	Interest expensed
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund	\$	1,736,168	\$ 901,425	\$ 834,743

Note 8: Net Position Restricted By Enabling Legislation

In 2003 and 2009, referendums were passed providing for a 1% sales tax to be used by the County for various construction projects.

Additionally, the County maintains several special revenue funds to account for activities that are required by Georgia law.

The County reports restrictions on the use of the remaining fund balance in the funds as follows:

Capital projects	\$ 6,870,862
Judicial	84,131
Public safety	100,740
Housing and Development	 153,076
	\$ 7,208,809

Note 9: Retirement Benefits

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1990, the County began a Defined Benefit Pension Plan for full-time employees employed for three years or more. The plan is reported on a calendar year basis.

Plan Description

The County sponsors the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Restated Pension Plan for Oconee County Employees (The Plan), which is a defined benefit pension plan.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of the adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (The ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan, administered by GEBCorp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of The Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document.

Complete financial statements for The Plan can be obtained directly from the plan administrator:

GEBCorp 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 300 Atlanta, Georgia 30339

Funding Policy

The County is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount annually to the Plan's trust. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish and amend from time to time, the contribution rates for the employer and its plan members.

County employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The County contributes the entire cost of the Plan, using the actuarial basis described in the annual valuation report.

Note 9: Retirement Benefits, continued

The County's payroll for employees participating in the Plan as of January 1, 2013 (the most recent actuarial valuation date) was \$8,606,230 (based on W-2 earnings for the preceding year). Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the County to active employees covered by The Plan on which contributions to the pension plan are based. The required contribution for the 2014 plan year was \$932,130. The recommended contribution for the 2014 plan year was \$1,754,892, which represents 20.9% of covered payroll.

Plan Membership

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	73
Terminated plan members entitled to but not receiving benefits	92
Disabled in pay status	4
Active plan members	202
Total	371

All full-time County employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service. Benefits are fully vested after ten years of service. Participants employed before August 2010 become eligible to retire at age 65 with 3 years of participation in the Plan. Employees hired after August 2010 must have 10 years of service to be eligible to retire with benefits from the Plan. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to an annual benefit in the amount of the greater of: a) 1.0% of average annual compensation up to \$6,600 plus 2% of average of the highest two years' annual compensation in excess of \$6,600 plus \$36 for each year of service prior to January 1, 1990 or b) 0.5% of average annual compensation up to \$6,600 plus 1% of average annual compensation in excess of \$6,600 plus \$36 multiplied by years of service to a maximum of 35 years, payable as a life annuity. Average annual compensation is based on the highest average of the Participant's compensation over five consecutive plan years during the ten plan years preceding the Participant's date of retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners.

Plan Asset Matter and Accounting Policies

The Plan's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, modified to include unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities owned by the Plan and increments in cash value of death benefits.

Investments in securities are valued at current market prices. The trust fund is invested, approximately, in 60% equities and 40% fixed income securities. Plan assets do not include any loans, notes, bonds, or other instruments or securities of the County or related parties.

Note 9: Retirement Benefits, continued

Derivation of Net I chiston Congation	
Net Pension Obligation (Asset) as of the Beginning of Prior Year	\$ (216,542)
Annual Pension Cost for Prior Year	1,510,811
Actual Contributions to Plan for Prior Year	1,700,000
Change in Net Pension Obligation	(189,189)
Net Pension Obligation (Assset) as of Ending of Prior Year	\$ (405,731)
Derivation of Annual Pension Cost	
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,603,961
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	(30,430)
Amortization of Net Pension Obligation	 33,054
Annual Pension Cost	\$ 1,606,585

Basis of Valuation

Current Valuation Date	January 1, 2014
Annual Return on Invested Plan Assets	7.50%
Projected Annual Salary Increases	4.0% - 6.5%
Expected Annual Inflation	3.00%
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market Value
Actuarial Funding Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Percent of Pay (Closed)
Amortization period	10 years

Trend Information for the Plan

Actuarial	Annual	Actual	Percentage		Net
Valuation	Pension	County	of APC		Pension
Date	Cost	Contribution	Contributed	C	bligation
1/1/2014	\$ 1,606,585	N/A	N/A	\$	(405,731)
1/1/2013	1,510,811	1,700,000	113%		(216,542)
1/1/2012	1,414,267	1,497,442	106%		(133,367)
1/1/2011	1,378,005	1,473,193	107%		(38,179)

Note 9: Retirement Benefits, continued

Information about the funding status of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued				
	Value	Liability (AAL)				UAAL as a
Actuarial	of	Projected	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
		_				
1/1/2014	\$ 12,044,748	\$ 17,313,298	\$ 5,268,550	69.6%	\$ 8,606,230	61.2%

The required supplementary information containing multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability directly follows the footnotes.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers employees the Oconee County Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is administered by an independent third party plan administrator. As a result, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not recorded on the County's financial statements. All contributions to this plan are voluntary employee contributions.

Defined Contribution Plan

The County has also established the Oconee County 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan through adoption of the ACCG 401(a) Defined Contribution Program. The plan was established to provide benefits at retirement to Oconee County employees. There are no employee or employer contributions at this time. The County has delegated certain administrative responsibilities to ACCG, or its designee. Plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners.

In addition, the following pension and retirement plans are in effect, but are not under the direct control of the County:

Extension Service Employees Retirement Plan

Employees of the Oconee County Agricultural Extension Service are covered under the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The General Fund contributes 9.24% of these employees' compensation to their pension fund.

Probate Judge's Retirement Fund of Georgia

The Probate Judge is covered under a pension plan that requires that certain sums from marriage licenses and fines or forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.

Clerk of Superior Court Retirement Fund

The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from fees and fines or forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.

Sheriff's Retirement Fund/Peace Officer's Annuity and Benefit Fund

The Sheriff and sheriff deputies are covered under separate pension plans which require that certain sums from fines or bond forfeitures be remitted by the Probate Judge or Clerk of Superior Court to the pension plans before the payment of any costs or other claims.

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires the recognition of certain postemployment obligations in the accrual basis financial statements of state and local governments. The purpose of the statement is to require local governments to recognize the cost of promised postemployment benefits as those benefits are earned by employees. Consequently, the expense recorded in the accrual basis statements of the County reports the actuarially determined cost of benefits earned this year plus an amortization component of benefits earned in previous years. The actuarial valuation of the County's postemployment benefits amortizes the cost of the previously earned benefits over 25 years

The County provides postretirement health care benefits under the Oconee County Health Care Plan to all former employees who have already retired or current employees who retired in 2010 or 2011 from the County after providing at least 5 years of service. The plan is a single employer plan, and it does not issue a separately available financial report. The County contributes toward retiree health costs on the authority of a resolution by the Board of Commissioners. Any plan amendments would similarly be approved by a resolution of the Board of Commissioners. During the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Board of Commissioners adopted changes to the plan which limited eligibility for the plan to former employees who had already retired from service with the County as well as those who retired during 2011 and 2010.

The County contributes towards a retiree's Medicare supplement premium. Dependent cost is the responsibility of the retiree. The County allows retirees under age 65 to continue in the health plan the County maintains for its active employees. The County contributes an amount equal to the cost of a Medicare Supplement Premium towards the retiree's health benefit. During the fiscal year, expenditures of \$164,229 were recognized for retiree health care and Medicare supplements. The County has the following participants in its plan:

Retired participants Active participants	51
Total participants	51

The Actuarial Accrued Liability and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability for the County's OPEB are calculated as follows:

Retired participants Active participants	\$ 2,307,688
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	2,307,688
Less: Present value of plan assets	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabiltiy (UAAL)	\$ 2,307,688

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), continued

The County finances its postemployment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County's cumulative expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis were greater than the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) as determined by the actuarial valuation. This results in the County reporting a Net OPEB benefit. The ARC and the Net OPEB benefit are calculated as follows:

Normal cost (current service cost)	\$ -
Amortization of UAAL (share of past service cost)	 107,540
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	107,540
1 , ,	,
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	(1,178)
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	1,373
Annual OPEB Cost	107,735
OPEB costs paid during year	 (164,229)
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	(56,494)
Net OPEB Obligation/(Asset), beginning	(29,458)
1.01 01 22 001guton (12500), 00gmining	 (=>,100)
Net OPEB Obligation/(Asset), ending	\$ (85,952)
Percentage of ARC contributed	153%

The County finances its postemployment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis resulting in the County having no present value of plan assets. Consequently, all of the actuarial accrued liability is unfunded. A three year history of funding information for Other Postemployment Benefits is presented in the required supplementary information immediately following the footnotes. The following contains summary information about the County's funding progress for its OPEB obligation:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuar Value of Asset (a)	e	Lia	arial Accrued bility (AAL) Projected Jnit Credit (b)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	l	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2013	\$	_	\$	2,307,688	\$ 2,307,688		0%	\$ -	0%
7/1/2011	\$	-	\$	2,790,731	\$ 2,790,731		0%	\$ _	0%
1/1/2009	\$	-	\$	1,510,025	\$ 1,510,025		0%	\$ 9,248,619	16%

The valuation dates in 2011 and 2013 report no covered payroll because all of the covered beneficiaries on those dates were retirees. As mentioned earlier in this note, the County has limited participation in this program to former employees who retired by 2011.

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), continued

Trend Information

•	Year			OF	OPEB Cost		of ARC		OPEB
E	nded	OPEB Cost		Co	Contributed		Contributed		ation/(Asset)
6/3	30/2014	\$	107,735	\$	164,229	_	152%	\$	(85,952)
6/3	30/2013	\$	121,696	\$	153,889		126%	\$	(29,458)
6/3	30/2012	\$	121,696	\$	164,201		135%	\$	2,735
6/3	30/2011	\$	70,324	\$	90,488		129%	\$	45,240

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The actuary performed his valuation based on the benefits offered under the plan as explained by the County. The actuarial valuation of the plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial valuation projects the costs of the benefits provided based on the substantive plan currently in place and the relative cost sharing of the plan between the County and the retired employees. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective, consistent with that perspective the methods and assumption used include techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The following table contains the significant methods used and assumptions made by the actuary for purposes of the actuarial valuation:

Valuation date	06/30/14
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	25 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return (includes 3% inflation)	4%
Medical cost trend rate	5% premium increase annually

The actuarial valuation used the same medical cost trend rate for all years.

Note 11: Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Government has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Note 12: Landfill Costs

The Oconee County landfill received no solid waste after October 8, 1993. It currently operates only as a transfer station and was officially declared closed by the EPD in 1996. Thus, the County is only responsible for minor monitoring of the closed facility and is not subject to GASB 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs," which is based on the EPA rule that establishes thirty-year postclosure care requirements for landfills that accept solid waste after October 9, 1993.

Note 13: Contingencies and Commitments

Contingent Liabilities

The County participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the County may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The amount, if any, of disallowed expenditures discovered in future audits is expected to be immaterial.

Litigation

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits, which arose in the ordinary course of its activities. The County records liabilities resulting from such claims and litigation only when they become probable and measurable. No liability has been recorded for any of the lawsuits currently in process. However, the County attorney and the County's management believes that damages, if any, that are to be paid by the County in excess of insurance coverage will not be material to the financial statements.

Note 14: Joint Ventures

Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (RC)

Oconee County, Georgia, along with cities and counties in the 12 county Northeast Georgia area is a member of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (RC). Membership in an RC is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The Official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the RCs. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the RC. The Board is comprised of not less than two (2) or more than five (5) representatives of each member county served by the RC. The manner of selecting such representatives from each member county is as follows:

- * The chief elected official or the chair of the board of commissioners of each county served by the Center shall be a member (or a designated government official).
- * One elected or appointed municipal government official from each county served by the Center. The mayors of the municipalities in such county shall select the municipal representative of that county.
- * Not less than ten (10) or more than twenty (20) public members.
- * A minority representation, the percentage of which is at least equal to the minority population of the geographical region served by the Board, as established by the latest United States Census.

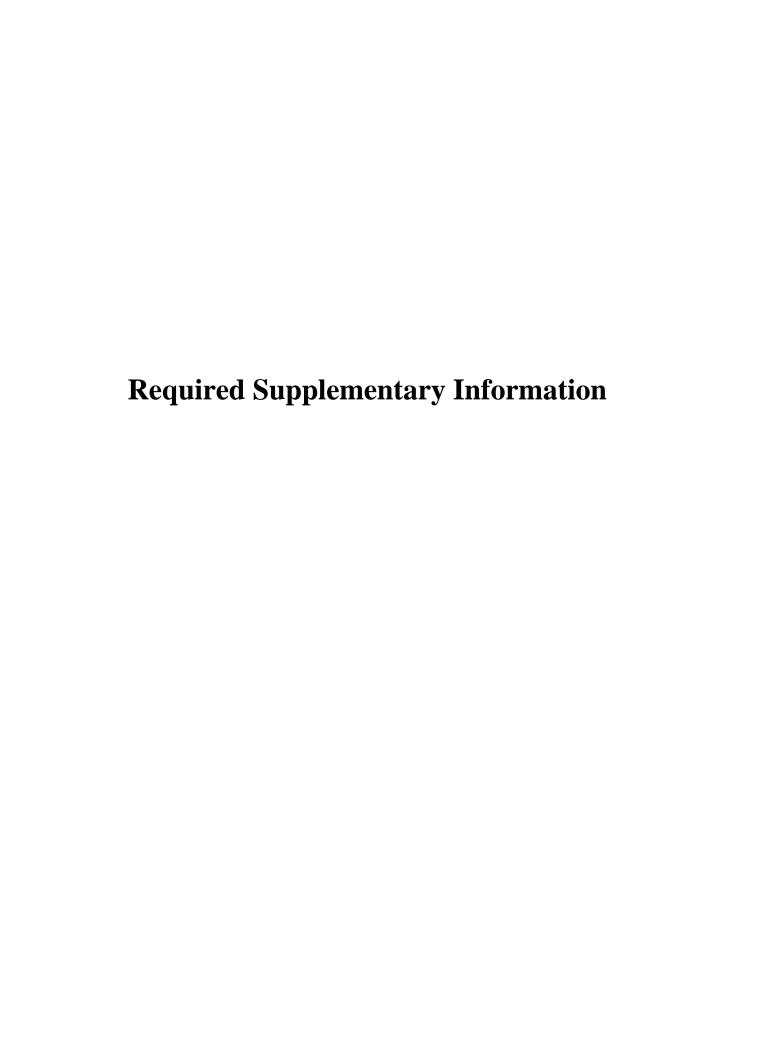
The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (*O.C.G.A. 50-8-34*) defines RCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members". Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resources. (*O.C.G.A. 50-8-39.1*) Complete financial statements of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission can be obtained directly from the RC's administrative office at 305 Research Drive, Athens, Georgia 30605.

Note 15: Hotel Motel Lodging Tax

Oconee County, Georgia has levied a 6% lodging tax. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the County received \$131,232 in hotel motel tax revenue of this amount, 60% must be spent in accordance with O.C.G.A 48-13-51(a) (4). During the current fiscal year, the Hotel Motel Tax fund had \$148,418 in expenditures. Of these expenditures, \$70,400 was spent from the restricted portion of fund balance and \$78,018 was spent from the unrestricted portion of the tax (40%). At June 30, 2014, \$239,043 was the balance of restricted fund balance and restricted net position. This amount represents the restricted portion of the tax (60%) and will be spent in accordance with O.C.G.A 48-13-51(a) (4).

Note 16: Subsequent Event

Subsequent to year-end, the Walton County Water and Sewerage Authority (WCWSA) entered into a construction loan agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) with a total available credit line of \$12 million for the purpose of continuing the construction work on the Hard Labor Creek reservoir. The loan bears no interest for the first three years following the first advance on the loan, bears 1% interest until the loan has been fully disbursed, and bears 2% interest thereafter until the loan matures. Once the loan begins bearing interest, the interest only will be payable monthly for five years. After those five years, interest and principal will be payable monthly for 35 years. The County has an intergovernmental agreement with WCWSA that requires that the County pay the interest and principal payments for 28.8% of any funds advanced to WCWSA through this loan.



Oconee County, Georgia Required Supplemental Information Retirement Plan - Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2014

RETIREMENT PLAN

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation	(a) Actuarial Value of	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	(c) Covered	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
Date	Assets	Unit Credit	(b - a)	(a / b)	 Payroll	$(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}) / \mathbf{c}$
1/1/2014	12,044,748	17,313,298	5,268,550	69.6%	8,606,230	61.2%
1/1/2013	10,195,073	15,955,259	5,760,186	63.9%	\$ 8,779,600	65.6%
1/1/2012	9,005,571	14,519,069	5,513,498	62.0%	8,692,728	63.4%
1/1/2011	7,814,017	13,621,164	5,807,147	57.4%	8,132,027	71.4%
1/1/2010	6,646,600	12,007,784	5,361,184	55.4%	8,136,636	65.9%
1/1/2009	5,858,023	8,381,636	2,523,613	69.9%	7,455,563	33.8%
1/1/2008	5,326,928	7,509,236	2,182,308	70.9%	6,603,361	33.0%
1/1/2007	4,361,585	6,309,382	1,947,797	69.1%	5,832,064	33.4%

Oconee County, Georgia Required Supplemental Information Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2014

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Act Va	(a) tuarial lue of ssets]	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Jnit Credit	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funde Ratio (a / b)		(c) Covered Payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll (b - a) / c
7/1/2013	\$	-	\$	2,307,688	\$ 2,307,688	(0.0%	\$ _	0.0%
7/1/2011		-		2,790,731	2,790,731	(0.0%	-	0.0%
1/1/2009		-		1,510,025	1,510,025		0.0%	9,248,619	16.3%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution		Amount ontributed	Percentage Contributed
6/30/14 6/30/13 6/30/12 6/30/11 6/30/10 6/30/09	\$ 107,735 121,537 121,537 70,324 57,702 640,255	\$	164,229 153,889 164,201 90,488 25,000 25,000	152.4% 126.6% 135.1% 128.7% 43.3% 3.9%

Oconee County, Georgia Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (by Department) and Actual - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES		8		8		
Taxes	\$ 17,457,000	\$ 18,648,600	\$ 18,610,224	\$ (38,376)		
Licenses and permits	405,350	705,350	797,567	92,217		
Intergovernmental revenue	35,000	3,127,590	3,127,964	374		
Charges for services	2,450,165	2,450,165	2,450,784	619		
Fines and forfeitures	362,500	362,500	351,954	(10,546)		
Investment income	13,000	13,000	13,278	278		
Miscellaneous	27,000	55,800	83,135	27,335		
Total revenues	20,750,015	25,363,005	25,434,906	71,901		
EXPENDITURES						
Department level:						
Commission	381,779	399,648	388,781	10,867		
Administration	407,028	429,850	421,113	8,737		
Human resources	435,466	451,372	449,575	1,797		
Finance	593,465	549,150	532,988	16,162		
Law enforcement	3,243,195	3,470,736	3,401,658	69,078		
Jail	2,404,015	2,448,593	2,402,387	46,206		
Tax commissioner	389,886	478,115	471,860	6,255		
Probate court	420,594	432,087	425,912	6,175		
Clerk of courts	621,390	696,145	690,848	5,297		
Juvenile court	77,002	84,741	78,030	6,711		
Superior court	360,722	342,121	308,675	33,446		
District attorney	22,675	22,675	21,695	980		
Magistrate court	71,429	81,073	79,320	1,753		
Coroner	26,025	30,928	29,763	1,165		
Tax assessor	541,519	563,419	548,351	15,068		
Board of elections	161,895	189,988	183,803	6,185		
Public works	2,219,121	5,514,394	5,450,712	63,682		
Parks and recreation	2,200,890	2,494,263	2,433,150	61,113		
Operations	1,533,958	1,600,676	1,559,071	41,605		
Public safety	1,108,679	1,238,401	1,155,728	82,673		
Planning	182,245	182,244	178,491	3,753		
Code enforcement	645,482	676,856	661,659	15,197		
Information technology	505,399	669,060	664,717	4,343		
Joint governmental programs	829,279	858,913	847,825	11,088		
Total expenditures	19,383,138	23,905,448	23,386,112	519,336		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,366,877	1,457,557	2,048,794	591,237		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds of capital asset dispositions	-	20,000	22,998	2,998		
Transfers in	8,500	84,174	83,287	(887)		
Transfers (out)	(2,003,013)	(2,047,361)	(1,893,707)	153,654		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,994,513)	(1,943,187)	(1,787,422)	155,765		
Net change in fund balances	(627,636)	(485,630)	261,372	747,002		
Fund balance - beginning	8,895,430	8,895,430	8,895,430	-		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,267,794	\$ 8,409,800	\$ 9,156,802	\$ 747,002		

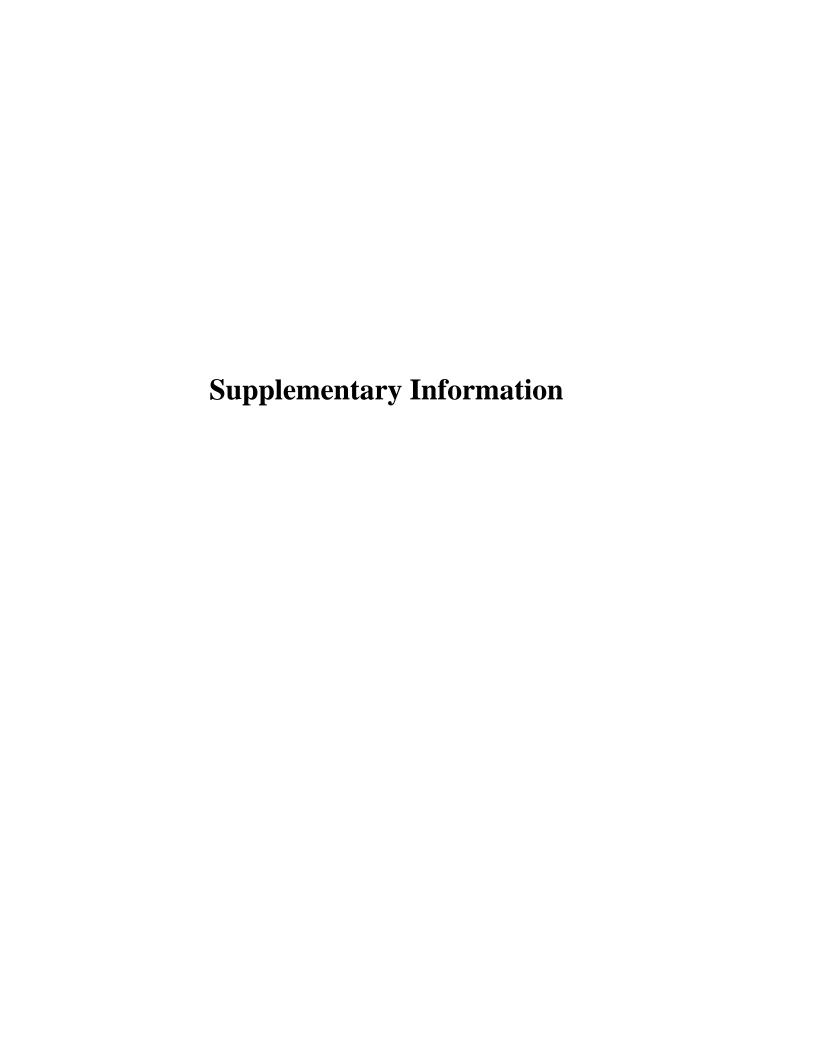
Oconee County, Georgia Reconciliation of Budget Expenditures by Department to GAAP Basis Budget - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

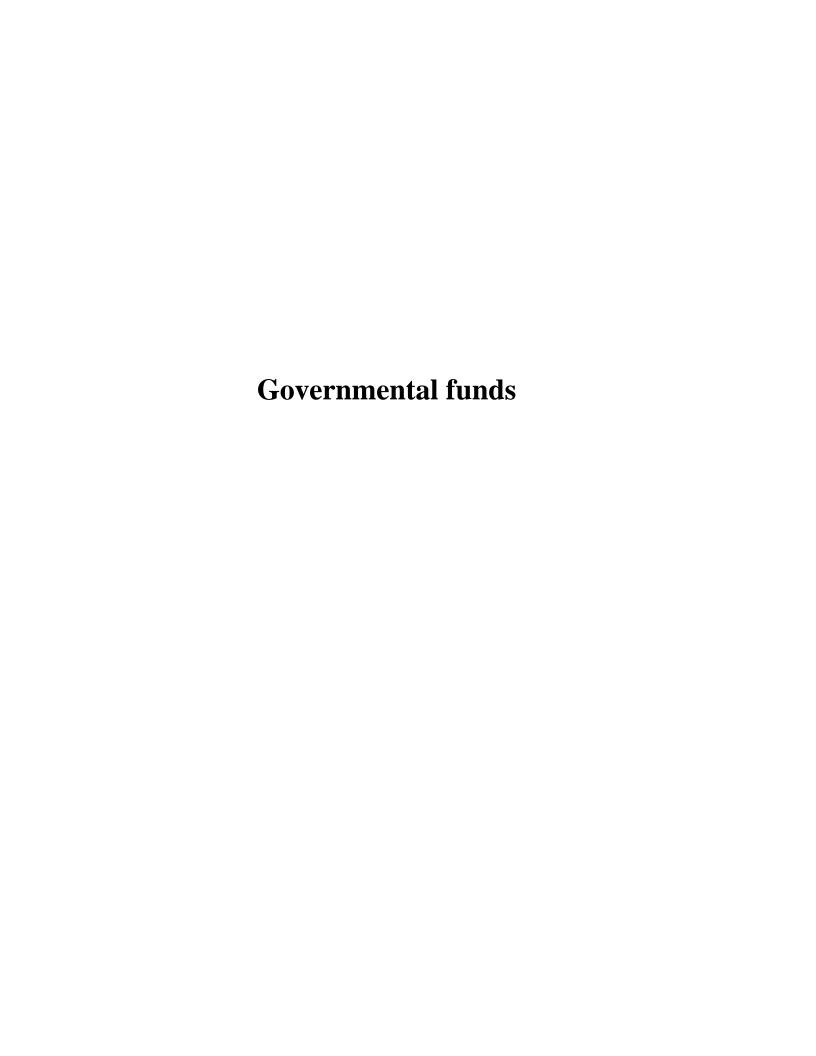
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Current:						
General government:						
Commission	\$ 381,779	\$ 399,648	\$ 388,781	\$ 10,867		
Administration	407,028	429,850	421,113	8,737		
Human resources	435,466	451,372	449,575	1,797		
Finance	593,465	549,150	532,988	16,162		
Board of elections	161,895	189,988	183,803	6,185		
Information technology	505,399	669,060	664,717	4,343		
Tax commissioner	389,886	478,115	471,860	6,255		
Tax assessor	541,519	563,419	548,351	15,068		
Operations	1,120,750	1,158,450	1,123,090	35,360		
Superior court - Board of equalization	3,690	5,690	4,525	1,165		
Judicial:						
Superior court	357,032	336,431	304,150	32,281		
Clerk of courts	621,390	696,145	690,848	5,297		
District attorney	22,675	22,675	21,695	980		
Magistrate court	71,429	81,073	79,320	1,753		
Probate court	420,594	432,087	425,912	6,175		
Juvenile court	77,002	84,741	78,030	6,711		
Public safety:						
Law enforcement	3,243,195	3,470,736	3,401,658	69,078		
Jail	2,404,015	2,448,593	2,402,387	46,206		
Public safety	1,108,679	1,238,401	1,155,728	82,673		
Coroner	26,025	30,928	29,763	1,165		
Public works:						
Public works	2,219,121	5,514,394	5,450,712	63,682		
County facilities	413,208	442,226	435,981	6,245		
Health and welfare:						
Joint gov't programs-health and welfare	234,785	236,260	236,056	204		
Culture and recreation:						
Parks and recreation	2,200,890	2,494,263	2,433,150	61,113		
Joint gov't program-library	436,175	456,500	454,908	1,592		
Housing and development:						
Joint gov't program-development	158,319	166,153	156,861	9,292		
Code enforcement	645,482	676,856	661,659	15,197		
Planning	182,245	182,244	178,491	3,753		
Total expenditures by department	\$ 19,383,138	\$ 23,905,448	\$ 23,386,112	\$ 519,336		

Oconee County, Georgia Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2014

NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).





Nonmajor Governmental Funds

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources which, by law, are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government.

Council on Aging - The Council on Aging Fund accounts for the activity relating to the County's senior center.

Law Library - The Law Library Fund accounts for the funds used for the purpose of providing a law library for use by the County courts.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the receipt of donations to the County for various uses and projects, as well as other funding paid to the County with specified purposes set forth for the funding.

Confiscated Assets - The Confiscated Assets Fund accounts for the cash received either from a cash confiscation or cash received from a sale of capital assets acquired from a drug raid.

Victims Services - The Victims Services and Forfeited Property Fund accounts for the receipt of the additional court costs assessed for the purpose of assisting victims and to cover the related salary costs.

Special Lighting District - The Special Lighting Districts Fund accounts for the fiscal activity relating to the providing of street lighting services within the County.

E-911 Emergency Telephone System - The E-911 Fund accounts for the fiscal activity related to the imposition, collection and uses of the E-911 emergency telephone number system fees.

Multiple Grant Fund - The Multiple Grant Fund accounts for the fiscal activity related to various small grants awarded to the County.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund accounts for the hotel/motel taxes collected as required by general law that are legally restricted for promotion of trade and tourism in the County.

Industrial Development Authority- This fund accounts for the General Fund of the Oconee County Industrial Development Authority, which meets the criteria of a blended component unit, and is included in Oconee County's report as though it were not a separate legal entity.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

SPLOST 2004 Fund - This fund accounts for capital projects financed from SPLOST funds.

Local Resources Fund - This fund accounts for the acquisition of capital facilities.

Industrial Development Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for all of the funds received and expended related to the Authority's issuance of its Series 2012 revenue bonds.

Oconee County, Georgia All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

A COPPITO		al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor oital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	ф	1.060.204	ф	1 151 500	Ф	2 210 002	
Cash	\$	1,068,304	\$	1,151,599	\$	2,219,903	
Investments, plus accrued interest		-		3,662,870		3,662,870	
Accounts receivable, net		161,711		-		161,711	
Taxes receivable, net		3,600		-		3,600	
Internal balances		287,235		-		287,235	
Due from other governments		101,991		-		101,991	
Prepaid items		6,666		- 1 01 1 1 (0		6,666	
Total assets	\$	1,629,507	\$	4,814,469	\$	6,443,976	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND Liabilities:			ф		¢.	170 21 7	
Accounts payable	\$	178,315	\$	-	\$	178,315	
Internal balances		201,154		-		201,154	
Salaries and benefits payable		18,907				18,907	
Total liabilities		398,376				398,376	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable property taxes		3,540				3,540	
Total deferred inflows		3,540				3,540	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		6,666		-		6,666	
Restricted							
Capital projects		85,973		4,814,469		4,900,442	
Judicial		92,736		-		92,736	
Public safety		162,482		-		162,482	
Culture and recreation		52,794		-		52,794	
Housing and development		153,070		-		153,070	
Assigned							
Health and welfare		82,025		-		82,025	
Housing and development		597,644		-		597,644	
Unassigned		(5,799)				(5,799)	
Total fund balances		1,227,591		4,814,469		6,042,060	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	1,629,507	\$	4,814,469	\$	6,443,976	

Oconee County, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		ouncil Aging	Law Library	onfiscated Assets	Special Revenue Fund	Victims Services and Forfeited Property	E-911		Multiple Grant Fund		Special Lighting District		Hotel/Motel Tax	Industrial Development Authority	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	55,196	\$ 83,476	\$ 34,379	\$ 196,132	\$ 25,306	\$	-	\$	-	\$	263	\$ -	\$ 673,552	\$	1,068,304
Accounts receivable, net		52,772	-	-	5,150	-		91,300		-		-	12,489	-		161,711
Taxes receivable, net		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		3,600	-	-		3,600
Internal balances		-	-	-	15,867	9,911		-		16,101		18,072	227,284	-		287,235
Due from other governments		-	-	-	-	71,650		-		30,341		-	-	-		101,991
Prepaid items		867			 			5,451					348			6,666
Total assets	\$	108,835	\$ 83,476	\$ 34,379	\$ 217,149	\$ 106,867	\$	96,751	\$	46,442	\$	21,935	\$ 240,121	\$ 673,552	\$	1,629,507
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	AND 1	FUND BAL	ANCES													
Liabilities:	•	.						44.500								450.045
Accounts payable	\$	5,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,039	\$ 106,212	\$	14,783	\$	30,575	\$	18,395	\$ 477	\$ 234	\$	178,315
Internal balances		15,274	-	1,106	24,502	-		68,731		15,867		-	-	75,674		201,154
Salaries and benefits payable		5,069		 	 -	- 101010		13,237				-	601	-		18,907
Total liabilities		25,943		 1,106	 26,541	106,212		96,751		46,442		18,395	1,078	75,908		398,376
Deferred inflows of resources:																
Unavailable property taxes		_	_	_	_	_		_		_		3,540	_	_		3,540
Total deferred inflows		-		-	 -			-		-		3,540				3,540
F 11.1																
Fund balances:		867						E 451					348			6,666
Nonspendable Restricted		807	-	-	-	-		5,451		-		-	348	-		0,000
Capital Projects													85,973			85,973
Judicial		-	83,476	-	8,605	655		-		-		-	83,973	-		92,736
Public safety		-	65,470	33,273	129,209	033		-		-		-	-	-		162,482
Culture and recreation		_	-	33,213	52,794	-		_		_		-	_	_		52,794
Housing and development		_	-	_	32,794	_		_		_		-	153,070	-		153,070
Assigned		_	_	-	_	_		_		_		_	133,070	_		133,070
Health and welfare		82,025	_	_	_	_		_		_		_	_	_		82,025
Housing and development		-	-	_	_	_		_		_		_	_	597,644		597,644
Unassigned		_	_	_	_	_		(5,451)		_		_	(348)	=		(5,799)
Total fund balances		82,892	83,476	 33,273	 190,608	655				_		-	239,043	597,644		1,227,591
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and				 	 											·
fund balances	\$	108,835	\$ 83,476	\$ 34,379	\$ 217,149	\$ 106,867	\$	96,751	\$	46,442	\$	21,935	\$ 240,121	\$ 673,552	\$	1,629,507

Oconee County, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		SPLOST 2004 Fund	Res Ca Pr	Local sources apital rojects Fund	De	Industrial evelopment Authority Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS						_		
Cash	\$	72,819	\$	-		1,078,780	\$	1,151,599
Investments		3,662,870		-		<u>-</u> _		3,662,870
Total assets	\$	3,735,689	\$	-	\$	1,078,780	\$	4,814,469
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	
Total liabilities								
Fund balances: Restricted		2.725.690				1 079 790		4 914 460
Capital projects		3,735,689				1,078,780		4,814,469
Total fund balances	Φ.	3,735,689	Φ.		Ф.	1,078,780	ф.	4,814,469
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,735,689	\$	=	\$	1,078,780	\$	4,814,469

Oconee County, Georgia All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 131,232	\$ -	\$ 131,232	
Intergovernmental revenue	526,750	-	526,750	
Charges for services	1,069,526	-	1,069,526	
Fines and forfeitures	71,174	-	71,174	
Investment income	1,945	4,596	6,541	
Contributions and donations	79,133	-	79,133	
Miscellaneous	18,057	-	18,057	
Total revenues	1,897,817	4,596	1,902,413	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,558	-	4,558	
Judicial	438,937	-	438,937	
Public safety	1,517,073	-	1,517,073	
Public works	217,161	-	217,161	
Health and welfare	432,172	-	432,172	
Culture and recreation	32,550	-	32,550	
Housing and development	259,881	-	259,881	
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	-	292,112	292,112	
Capital outlay				
General government	-	38,051	38,051	
Public safety	-	126,751	126,751	
Housing and development	-	86,895	86,895	
Total expenditures	2,902,332	543,809	3,446,141	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,004,515)	(539,213)	(1,543,728)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	292,220	-	292,220	
Transfers in	1,168,471	126,751	1,295,222	
Transfers (out)	(116,280)	(395,453)	(511,733)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,344,411	(268,702)	1,075,709	
Change in fund balances	339,896	(807,915)	(468,019)	
Fund balances - beginning	887,695	5,622,384	6,510,079	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,227,591	\$ 4,814,469	\$ 6,042,060	

Oconee County, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 131,23 Intergovernmental revenue 149,248 - - 3,751 261,464 - 112,287 - - - 526,75 Charges for services - - - 36,905 - 703,731 - 174,418 - 154,472 1,069,52 Fines and forfeitures - 8,512 16,733 21,551 24,378 - - - - - 11,4418 - 154,472 1,069,52 Fines and forfeitures - 8,512 16,733 21,551 24,378 - - - - - 1,386 1,94 Investment income 90 82 33 354 - - - - - 79,13 Miscellaneous 17,912 - - 14,55 - - - - - - -	
Intergovernmental revenue	REVENUES
Charges for services - - - - 36,905 - 703,731 - 174,418 - 154,472 1,069,52 Fines and forfeitures - 8,512 16,733 21,551 24,378 - - - - - 71,17 Investment income 90 82 33 354 - - - - 1,386 1,94 Contributions and donations - - 2,455 76,678 - - - - - 1,94 Miscellaneous 17,912 - - 145 - - - - - - 18,05 Total revenues 167,250 8,594 19,221 139,384 285,842 703,731 112,287 174,418 131,232 155,858 1,897,81 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Fines and forfeitures	
Investment income	
Contributions and donations - - 2,455 76,678 - - - - - 79,13 Miscellaneous 17,912 - - 145 - - - - - - 18,05 Total revenues 167,250 8,594 19,221 139,384 285,842 703,731 112,287 174,418 131,232 155,858 1,897,81 EXPENDITURES Current: General government - - - 4,558 - - - - - - 4,555 Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 - - - 438,93 Public safety - - 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 - - - - 1,517,07	
Miscellaneous 17,912 - - 145 - 18,05 Total revenues 167,250 8,594 19,221 139,384 285,842 703,731 112,287 174,418 131,232 155,858 1,897,81 EXPENDITURES Current: -	
Total revenues 167,250 8,594 19,221 139,384 285,842 703,731 112,287 174,418 131,232 155,858 1,897,81 EXPENDITURES Current: Separate of the control of the contro	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 4,558 435,93 Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 438,93 Public safety 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 1,517,07	
Current: General government - - - 4,558 - - - - - 4,555 Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 - - - - 438,93 Public safety - - 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 - - - 1,517,07	Total revenues
Current: General government - - - 4,558 - - - - - 4,555 Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 - - - - 438,93 Public safety - - 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 - - - 1,517,07	EXPENDITURES
General government - - - 4,558 - - - - - 4,555 Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 - - - - 438,93 Public safety - - 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 - - - 1,517,07	
Judicial - 6,080 - 1,652 430,291 - 914 - - - - 438,93 Public safety - - 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 - - - 1,517,07	
Public safety 6,115 40,652 - 1,387,311 82,995 1,517,07	č
Public works 217,161 217,16	Public works
Health and welfare 387,172 45,000 432,17	Health and welfare
Culture and recreation 32,550 32,550	
Housing and development 148.418 111.463 259.88	Housing and development
Total expenditures 387,172 6,080 6,115 79,412 430,291 1,387,311 128,909 217,161 148,418 111,463 2,902,33	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Excess (deficiency) of revenues
over (under) expenditures (219,922) 2,514 13,106 59,972 (144,449) (683,580) (16,622) (42,743) (17,186) 44,395 (1,004,51	` ",
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 292,220 292,22	
Transfers in 260,884 7,700 144,451 683,580 3,588 42,743 25,525 - 1,168,47	
Transfers (out) (25,606) (90,674) (116,28)	` '
Total other financing sources (uses) 260,884 (17,906) 144,451 683,580 3,588 42,743 25,525 201,546 1,344,41	Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances 40,962 2,514 13,106 42,066 2 - (13,034) - 8,339 245,941 339,89	Net change in fund balances
Fund balances - beginning 41,930 80,962 20,167 148,542 653 - 13,034 - 230,704 351,703 887,69	Fund balances - beginning
Fund balances - ending \$ 82,892 \$ 83,476 \$ 33,273 \$ 190,608 \$ 655 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 239,043 \$ 597,644 \$ 1,227,59	

Oconee County, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Projects Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	;	SPLOST 2004 Fund	Res Ca Pr	Local sources apital rojects	Devel Aut Pro	ustrial opment hority ojects und	Total onmajor Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$	4,596	\$		\$		\$ 4,596
Total revenues		4,596					 4,596
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	2	92,112	292,112
Capital outlay							
General government		38,051		-		-	38,051
Public safety		-		126,751		-	126,751
Housing and development		-		-		86,895	86,895
Total expenditures		38,051		126,751	3	79,007	543,809
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(33,455)	(126,751)	(3	79,007)	 (539,213)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		126,751		_	126,751
Transfers (out)		(395,453)		-		-	(395,453)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(395,453)		126,751		_	(268,702)
Net change in fund balances		(428,908)		-	(3	79,007)	(807,915)
Fund balances - beginning		4,164,597			1,4	57,787	5,622,384
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,735,689	\$		\$ 1,0	78,780	\$ 4,814,469

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Solid Waste Fund - The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County's landfill disposal sites and recycling.

Special Facilities Fund - The Special Facilities Fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the County's Civic Center, William Daniell House and the Eagle Tavern Museum, as well as economic development and tourism.

Oconee County, Georgia Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Solid Waste Fund	Special Facilities Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:	Φ 201	.	
Cash	\$ 2,291	\$ 6,653	\$ 8,944
Accounts receivable, net	2,435	10,061	12,496
Internal balances	32,013	131,947	163,960
Due from other governments	-	4,036	4,036
Prepaid items	1,430	3,336	4,766
Total current assets	38,169	156,033	194,202
Noncurrent assets:			
Net pension asset	4,713	9,398	14,111
Capital assets not being depreciated	125,000	25,000	150,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation	56,168	1,683,592	1,739,760
Total capital assets	181,168	1,708,592	1,889,760
Total assets	224,050	1,874,023	2,098,073
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	18,541	10,253	28,794
Salaries and benefits payable	3,298	6,272	9,570
Total current liabilities	21,839	16,525	38,364
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	8,409	33,099	41,508
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,409	33,099	41,508
Total liabilities	30,248	49,624	79,872
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	181,168	1,708,592	1,889,760
Unrestricted	12,634	115,807	128,441
Total net position	\$ 193,802	\$ 1,824,399	\$ 2,018,201

Oconee County, Georgia Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Was	Solid Special Waste Facilities Fund Fund		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES	¢ 10)4 201	71 025	ø	266 116
Charges for services Licenses and permits	\$ 19	94,281 \$ 7,000	71,835	\$	266,116 7,000
Rents and royalties		7,000	119,723		119,723
Miscellaneous		_	13,590		13,590
Total operating revenues	20	01,281	205,148		406,429
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	15	59,336	418,837		578,173
Other contracted services	16	57,282	5,886		173,168
Supplies and materials	1	3,696	29,409		43,105
Repairs and maintenance		3,581	24,027		27,608
Utilities	1	10,353	58,888		69,241
Insurance		3,834	4,383		8,217
Depreciation and amortization		6,318	77,353		83,671
Other charges	1	12,259	42,465		54,724
Total operating expenses	37	76,659	661,248		1,037,907
Operating loss	(17	75,378)	(456,100)		(631,478)
Loss before contributions and transfers	(17	75,378)	(456,100)		(631,478)
Transfers in	17	75,378	456,100		631,478
Change in net position		-	-		-
Total net position - beginning		93,802	1,824,399	Φ.	2,018,201
Total net position - ending	\$ 19	93,802 \$	1,824,399	\$	2,018,201

Oconee County, Georgia Combining Schedule of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Solid Waste Fund	Special Facilities Fund	Pr	Total onmajor oprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_	 		
Receipts from customers	\$	200,066	\$ 197,030	\$	397,096
Payments to suppliers		(222,405)	(185,162)		(407,567)
Payments to employees		(161,821)	(421,480)		(583,301)
Receipts from others		-	1,368		1,368
Net cash (used) by operating activities		(184,160)	 (408,244)		(592,404)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES				
Transfers in		175,378	456,100		631,478
Interfund loans - proceeds and collections		10,277	(29,804)		(19,527)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		185,655	426,296		611,951
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	(12,036)		(12,036)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		-	(12,036)		(12,036)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,495	6,016		7,511
Cash - beginning of the year		796	637		1,433
Cash - end of the year	\$	2,291	\$ 6,653	\$	8,944

Oconee County, Georgia Combining Schedule of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Solid Waste Fund		Special Facilities Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
used by operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(175,378)	\$	(456,100)	\$	(631,478)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	Ψ	(175,576)	Ψ	(430,100)	Ψ	(031,470)
used by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense		6,318		77,353		83,671
Change in assets and liabilities:		,		,		,
Receivables, net		(1,215)		(8,118)		(9,333)
Prepaid items		(464)		(435)		(899)
Due from other governments		-		1,368		1,368
Net pension asset		(2,227)		(4,298)		(6,525)
Accounts payable		(10,936)		(19,669)		(30,605)
Accrued expenses		262		(4,336)		(4,074)
Compensated absences		(520)		5,991		5,471
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(184,160)	\$	(408,244)	\$	(592,404)

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not represent the measurement or results of operations.

Oconee County, Georgia Fiduciary Funds Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2014

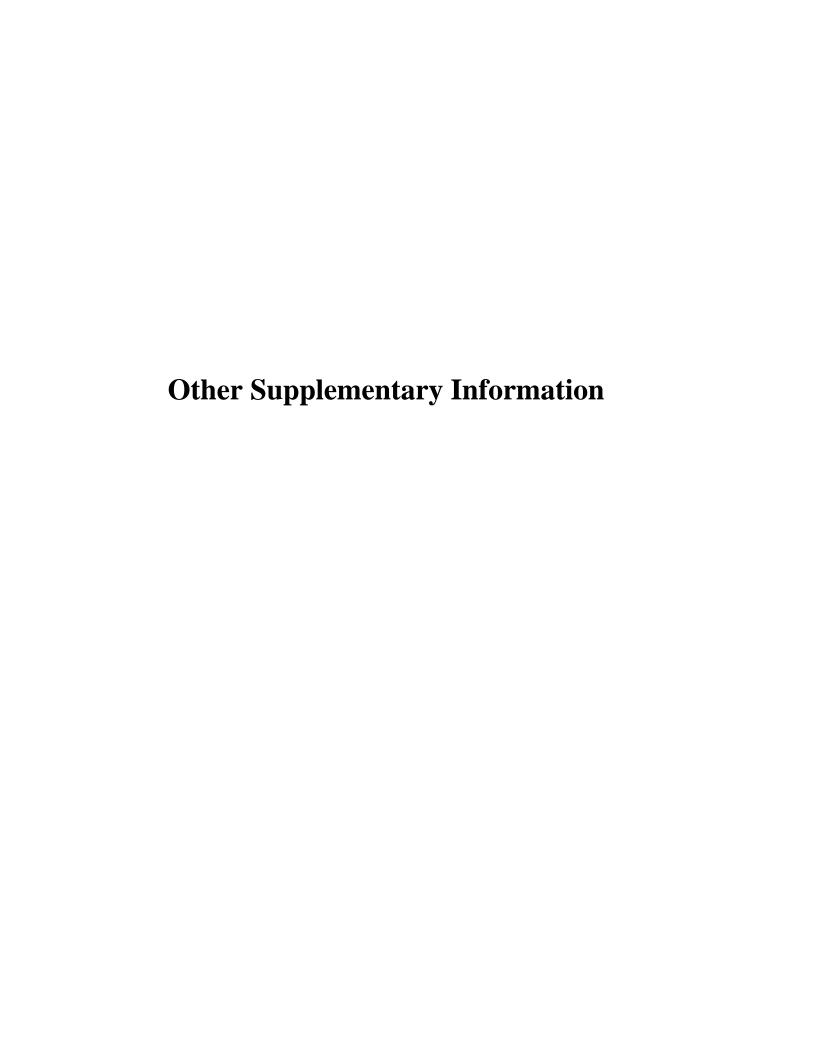
	Tax Commissioner	Sheriff	Superior Court	Probate Court	Magistrate Court	Juvenile Court	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS							
Cash Total Assets	\$ 35,921 \$ 35,921	\$ 9,591 \$ 9,591	\$ 491,268 \$ 491,268	\$ 55,588 \$ 55,588	\$ 61,523 \$ 61,523	\$ 304 \$ 304	\$ 654,195 \$ 654,195
LIABILITIES							
Due to others Total Liabilities	\$ 35,921 \$ 35,921	\$ 9,591 \$ 9,591	\$ 491,268 \$ 491,268	\$ 55,588 \$ 55,588	\$ 61,523 \$ 61,523	\$ 304 \$ 304	\$ 654,195 \$ 654,195

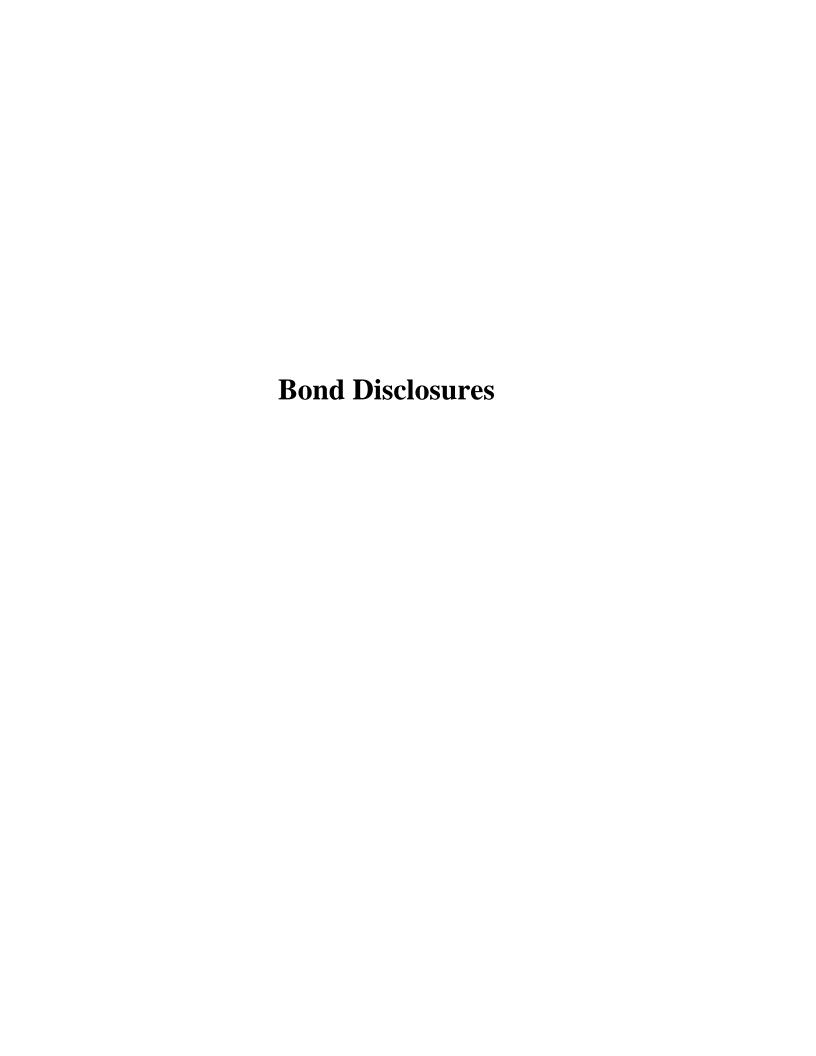
Oconee County, Georgia Fiduciary Funds Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance 6/30/2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2014
TAX COMMISSIONER				
Assets				
Cash	\$ 35,951	\$ 42,991,480	\$ 42,991,510	\$ 35,921
	35,951	42,991,480	42,991,510	35,921
Liabilities				
Due to others	35,951	42,991,480	42,991,510	35,921
	35,951	42,991,480	42,991,510	35,921
SHERIFF				
Assets				
Cash	8,257	64,717	63,383	9,591
Liabilities				
Due to others	8,257	64,717	63,383	9,591
	8,257	64,717	63,383	9,591
SUPERIOR COURT		_		
Assets				
Cash	496,399	1,931,361	1,936,492	491,268
	496,399	1,931,361	1,936,492	491,268
Liabilities				
Due to others	496,399	1,931,361	1,936,492	491,268
	\$ 496,399	\$ 1,931,361	\$ 1,936,492	\$ 491,268

Oconee County, Georgia Fiduciary Funds Combining Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance 6/30/2013 Ad		dditions	ditions Deductions		Balance 6/30/2014		
PROBATE COURT								
Assets								
Cash	\$	49,968	\$	573,135	\$	567,515	\$	55,588
		49,968		573,135		567,515		55,588
Liabilities								
Due to others		49,968		573,135		567,515		55,588
		49,968		573,135		567,515		55,588
MAGISTRATE COURT		_						
Assets								
Cash		67,778		248,880		255,135		61,523
		67,778		248,880		255,135		61,523
Liabilities								
Due to others		67,778		248,880		255,135		61,523
		67,778		248,880		255,135		61,523
JUVENILE COURT								
Assets								
Cash		338		11,462		11,496		304
		338		11,462		11,496		304
Liabilities								
Due to others		338		11,462		11,496		304
		338		11,462		11,496		304
TOTALS								
Assets								
Cash		658,691		45,821,035		45,825,531		654,195
		658,691		45,821,035		45,825,531		654,195
Liabilities								
Due to others		658,691		45,821,035		45,825,531		654,195
	\$	658,691	\$ 4	45,821,035	\$	45,825,531	\$	654,195





Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewer Fund Bond Disclosures System Customers June 30, 2014

Set forth below are the total number of customers for the last five years.

Water Customers	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Residential	7,880	7,967	8,056	8,279	8,633
Commercial/Industrial	658	661	747	814	958
Total	8,538	8,628	8,803	9,093	9,591
Sewer Customers					
Residential	1,126	1,137	1,152	1,192	1,440
Commercial/Industrial	296	300	382	441	519
Total	1,422	1,437	1,534	1,633	1,959

Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewer Fund Bond Disclosures Largest Customers June 30, 2014

TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS

<u>Customer</u>	Business/Product	 tal Water ngs FY 2014	Percentage of System Revenues 1
Oconee County Board of Education	Education	\$ 94,651	1.69%
Walton County Water and Sewer Authority	Retail Water Supply	70,853	1.27%
Piedmont Water	Private Water Supply	42,369	< 1.0
Ameripride	Linen Supply	36,900	< 1.0
Georgia General Kipling	Mobile Home Park	35,998	< 1.0
Family Life Enrichment Center	Nursing Home	31,103	< 1.0
Highland Hills Village	Nursing Home	28,586	< 1.0
Oconee County Board of Commissioners	Local Government	28,003	< 1.0
Athens Academy	Private Education	25,541	< 1.0
Kroger	Grocery	16,830	< 1.0
Total		\$ 410,834	7.34%

¹ Total water sales of the Water System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$5,594,926 Water sales does not include other ancillary charges such as late charges and meter fees.

TEN LARGEST SEWER CUSTOMERS

Customer	Business/Product	tal Sewer gs FY 2014	Percentage of System Revenues 1
Ameripride	Linen Supply	\$ 87,455	7.32%
Oconee County Board of Education	Education	49,518	4.14%
Benson's, Inc.	Food Processing	33,061	2.77%
Georgia General Kipling	Mobile Home Park	28,785	2.41%
Oconee County Board of Commissioners	Local Government	15,851	1.33%
Kroger	Grocery	12,322	1.03%
Walmart	Retail	12,202	1.02%
Home Depot	Retail	11,845	< 1.0
Athens Academy	Private Education	9,074	< 1.0
Ryan's Buffets, Inc.	Restaurant	8,818	< 1.0
Total		\$ 268,931	22.50%

¹ Total sewer sales of the Sewer System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$1,195,331 Sewer sales does not include other ancillary charges such as late charges and meter fees.

Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewer Fund Bond Disclosures Five Year Operating History June 30, 2014

Set forth below is a historical, comparative summary of the revenues and expenses of the System for the past five fiscal years.

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	5,367,287	\$	6,063,055	\$	6,678,469	\$	6,389,969	\$	6,902,292
Miscellaneous	150,150		207,788		160,058		236,948	_	245,272
Total operating revenues	5,517,437		6,270,843		6,838,527		6,626,917	_	7,147,564
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits	1 122 116		1 006 001		1 126 150		1 102 212		1 265 221
Other contracted services	1,122,116 42,185		1,096,991 72,853		1,136,458 87,814		1,192,213 90,756		1,265,331 77,168
Water purchase and treatment costs	1,089,535		1,098,991		1,056,457		1,157,868		1,293,365
Supplies and materials	58,527		50,105		61,989		44,899		70,926
Repairs and maintenance	163,031		189,139		323,991		562,441		443,596
Utilities	290,920		326,491		325,591		348,414		381,417
Insurance	6,182		12,254		11,085		11,969		9,860
Depreciation Depreciation	1,492,273		1,483,658		1,467,400		1,445,624		1,514,280
Other charges	62,838		70,638		89,037		105,476		95,230
Other charges	02,838		70,036		69,037		105,470		95,230
Total operating expenses	4,327,607	٠	4,401,120	٠	4,569,812		4,959,660	-	5,151,173
Operating income (loss)	1,189,830		1,869,723		2,268,715		1,667,257	_	1,996,391
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment earnings	84,866		51,436		34,908		39,732		24,327
Water availability fees	60,892		140,721		225,941		696,241		1,036,765
Sewer capacity fees	-		78,716		167,494		389,490		619,485
Sewer connection fees	16,000		8,000		20,800		54,250		228,650
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	_		6,292		(31,873)		1,279		, -
Amortization expense - UOBWA	(167,378)		(167,378)		(167,378)		(167,378)		(167,378)
Interest expense	(1,193,623)		(1,087,539)		(1,056,702)		(913,457)		(834,743)
Total nonoperating revenue		٠		٠		•		-	
(expenses)	(1,199,243)		(969,752)		(806,810)		100,157	_	907,106
In come (logg) hefere									
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(0.412)		900 071		1 461 005		1 767 414		2 002 407
contributions and transfers	(9,413)		899,971		1,461,905		1,767,414		2,903,497
Capital contributions	874,932		398,119		279,627		352,208		2,216,006
Transfers in	979,050		590,283		658,276		785,668	_	510,967
Change in net position	1,844,569		1,888,373		2,399,808	-	2,905,290	-	5,630,470
Total net position - beginning	49,379,542		51,224,111		53,112,484		55,512,292		57,699,669
Change in accounting principle					<u> </u>	_	(717,913)	_	
Total net position - beginning,		•		•					
as restated	49,379,542		51,224,111		53,112,484		54,794,379	_	57,699,669
Total net position - ending	51,224,111	\$	53,112,484	\$	55,512,292	\$	57,699,669	\$_	63,330,139

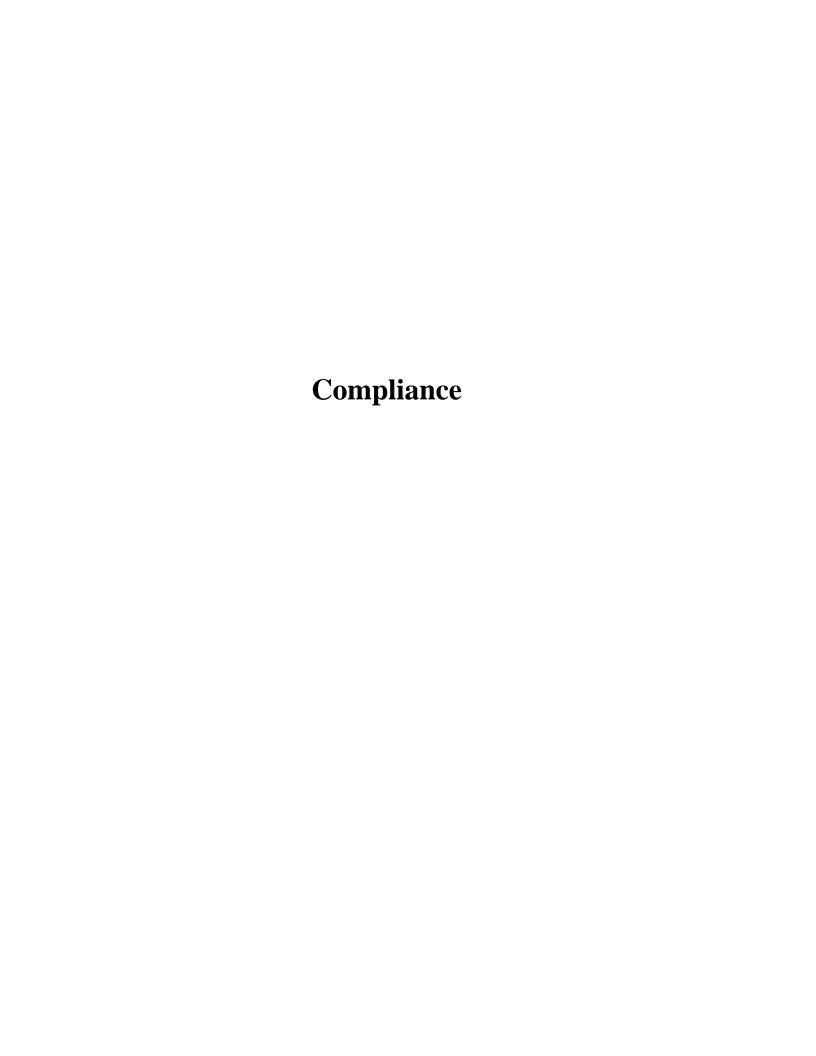
Oconee County, Georgia Water and Sewer Fund Bond Disclosures Historical Debt Service Coverage Ratios June 30, 2014

Set forth below are the System's historical debt service coverage ratios for the past five fiscal years.

	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014
Historical Net Revenues Available for Debt Service (1)	\$	3,822,911	\$	4,228,829	\$	4,811,661	\$	6,217,440	\$	5,930,865
Historical Debt Service on Revenue Bonds (2)		1,567,993		815,358		1,416,614		1,227,419		1,227,419
Historical Debt Service Coverage Ratio		2.44		5.19		3.40		5.07		4.83

¹ Consists of: (i) Change in net position, plus Depreciation, plus Amortization - UOBWA(amortization of the investment cost in the Upper Oconee Basin Water Authority), plus Interest expense; minus (ii) capital contributions. Includes water availability, sewer capacity fees and connection fees in fiscal years 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011 and 2010 of \$1,884,900; \$1,113,981; \$414,235; \$227,437; \$76,892.

² Excludes debt service on the loan payable to GEFA because the loan was secured by a subordinate lien on the Net Revenues of the System. Also excludes the Upper Oconee Debt Service Payment made pursuant to the Upper Oconee Agreements and Supplemental Contract and the Walton Authority Debt Service Payments made pursuant to the Walton Contracts because these obligations are subordinate to the obligations with respect to the Series 2003, Series 2009 and Series 2012 Bonds.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Commissioners of Oconee County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oconee County, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oconee County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Oconee County Health Department, as described in our report on Oconee County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oconee County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oconee County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oconee County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oconee County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

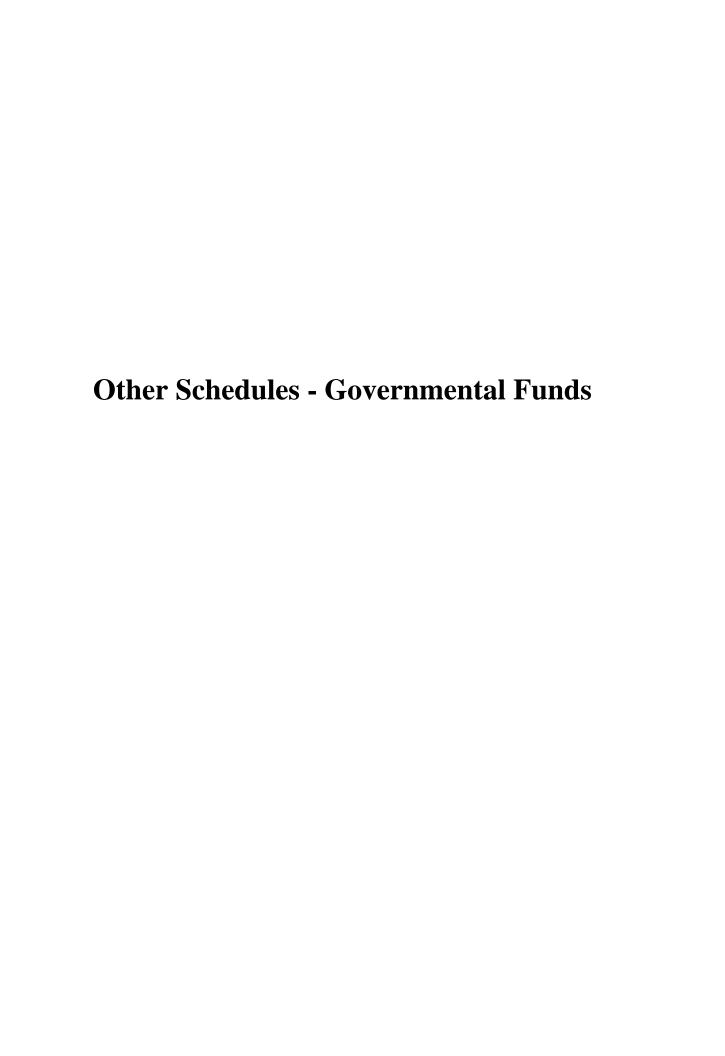
We noted certain other matters that we have reported to management of Oconee County, Georgia in a separate letter dated December 31, 2014.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Madison, Georgia
December 31, 2014

Dreadwell, Danylin & G.



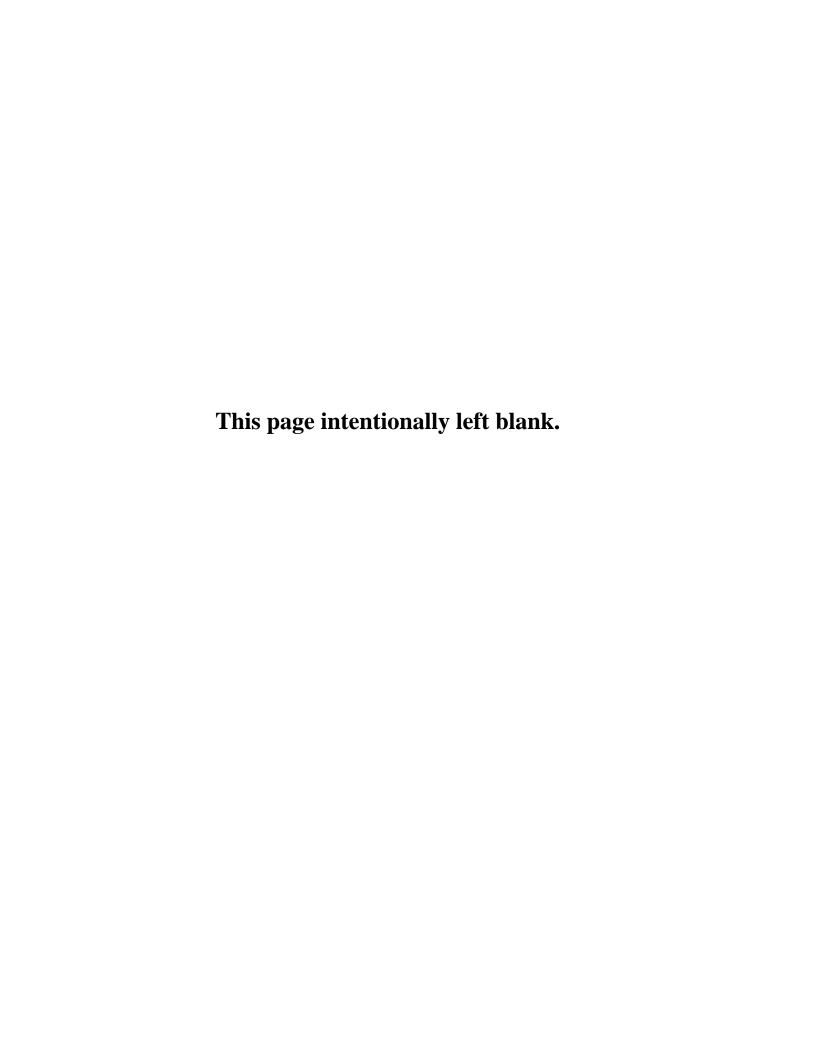
Oconee County, Georgia Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Revised		Expenditures		Estimated
	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentages of Completion
2004 Referendum***						or completion
Water & Sewer improvements	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,970,000	\$ 6,574,547	395,453	\$ 6,970,000	100.00%
Recreation & cultural facilities	5,000,000	5,031,350	5,031,350	-	5,031,350	100.00%
Roads	6,000,000	6,276,265	6,276,264	-	6,276,264	100.00%
Jail expansion	1,300,000	1,319,670	1,319,670	_	1,319,670	100.00%
Emergency operations center	600,000	681,721	681,721	-	681,721	100.00%
Fire station project	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	_	1,500,000	100.00%
1 0	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000		1,500,000	100.0070
County facilities expansion and renovation	4,600,000	4,600,000	972,803	38,051	1,010,854	21.98%
Totals	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 26,379,006	\$ 22,356,355	\$ 433,504	\$ 22,789,859	
2009 Referendum***						
2009 Referendum***						
Recreation facilities	\$ 4,847,985	\$ 4,847,985	\$ 2,527,752	\$ 704,720	\$ 3,232,472	66.68%
County Jail and Emergency Operation Center-911 Building	6,059,981	6,059,981	4,055,444	1,081,184	5,136,628	84.76%
Water & Sewer facilities	6,884,176	6,884,176	14,800	115,514	130,314	1.89%
Roads, Streets & Bridges	8,080,020	8,080,020	4,454,792	1,800,808	6,255,600	77.42%
Recreational, Historic and Scenic Facilities	1,110,999	1,110,999	164,488	76,620	241,108	21.70%
Fire Station Facilities and Equipment	3,939,014	3,939,014	1,766,640	143,968	1,910,608	48.50%
Communication Facilities	3,232,001	3,508,604	3,330,212	70,206	3,400,418	96.92%
Farmland Protection	504,984	504,984	111,000	87,500	198,500	39.31%
Payment to Cities City of Watkinsville Town of Bogart Town of North High Shoals Town of Bishop	3,227,960 1,616,000 674,680 222,200	3,227,960 1,616,000 674,680 222,200	1,576,020 788,996 329,406 108,487	475,724 238,160 99,432 32,747	2,051,744 1,027,156 428,838 141,234	63.56% 63.56% 63.56%
Totals	\$ 40,400,000	\$ 40,676,603	\$ 19,228,037	4,926,583	\$ 24,154,620	
Principal payment on Communication	on Facility purchase	ed using capital leas	se	429,794		
Total expenditures and transfers rep	orted in the SPLOS	T 2009 fund		\$ 5,356,377		

^{***}The Original Estimated Cost of each project may change as actual costs are incurred.

Oconee County, Georgia Schedule of State Contractual Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

State Program Name	Contract Number	al Revenue eceived	_	Current enditures	T	ount Due o/From State
Family Connection	93-1414000-96	\$ 33,750	\$	45,000	\$	11,250



Oconee County Board of Commissioners Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Line No.	_	O.C.G.A. Reference:		
1	Indicate UCOA Fund Type Used to Account for 9-1-1 Activity (choose one):			
	X Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund			
2	Expenditures (UCOA Activity 3800) Wireless service supplier cost recovery charges (identify each supplier individually on lines below - attach list, if necessary)	46-5-134(e)		
	UMB Wholesale Bank (Sprint/Nextel)		\$.	1,104.30
	AT&T Mobility		\$ _	50,854.50
	<u>: </u>		\$ _	
3	Emergency telephone equipment, including necessary computer hardware, software, and data base provisioning, addressing, and nonrecurring costs of establishing a 9-1-1 system:			
3a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(A)	\$ _	
3b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(A)	\$ _	
3с	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(A)	\$_	
4	Rates associated with the service suppliers 9-1-1 service and other service suppliers recurring charges	46-5-134(f)(1)(B)	\$_	181,492.82
5	Employees hired by the local government solely for the operation and maintenance of the emergency 9-1-1 system and employees who work as directors as defined in O.C.G.A. §46-5-138.2			
5a	Salaries and wages	46-5-134(f)(1)(C)	\$_	547,930.27
5b	Employee benefits	46-5-134(f)(1)(C)	\$_	255,246.44
6	Cost of training of employees who work as dispatchers or directors	46-5-134(f)(1)(D)	\$ -	6,098.22
7	Office supplies of the public safety answering points used directly in providing emergency 9-1-1 system services	46-5-134(f)(1)(E)	\$ _	5,108.07
8.	Building used as a public safety answering point:			* - **I
8a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(F)	\$ _	
8b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(F)	\$ _	
9	Computer hardware and software used at a public safety answering point, including computer assisted dispatch systems and automatic vehicle location systems:			
9a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(G)	\$_	
9b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(G)	\$ _	
9с	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(G)	\$ _	
10	Supplies directly related to providing emergency 9-1-1 system services, including the cost of printing emergency 9-1-1 public education materials	46-5-134(f)(1)(H)	\$ -	
11	Logging recorders used at a public safety answering point to record telephone and radio traffic:			
11a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(I)	\$_	

Oconee County Board of Commissioners Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

No.		O.C.G.A.	
11b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(I)	\$
11c	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(1)(I)	\$
12	Insurance purchased to insure against risks and liability in the operation and maintenance of the 9-1-1 system on behalf of the local government or on behalf of employees hired by the local government solely for the operation and maintenance of the 9-1-1 system and employees who work as directors	46-5-134(f)(2)(B)(i)	\$
13	Mobile communications vehicle and equipment, if the primary purpose and designation of such vehicle is to function as a backup 9-1-1 system center		
13a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(ii)	\$
13b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(ii)	\$
13c	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(ii)	\$
14	Allocation of indirect costs associated with supporting the 9-1-1 system center and operations as identified and outlined in an indirect cost allocation plan approved by the local governing authority that is consistent with the costs allocated within the local government to both governmental and business-type activities	46-5-134(f)(2)(B)(iii)	\$ 92,956.33
15	Mobile public safety voice and data equipment, geo-targeted test messaging alert systems, or towers necessary to carry out the function of 9-1-1 system operations		
15a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(iv)	\$2,400.00
15b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(iv)	\$
15c	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(iv)	\$ 244,210.25
16	Public safety voice and data communications systems located in the 9-1-1 system facility that further the legislative intent of providing the highest level of emergency response service on a local, regional, and state-wide basis, including equipment and associated hardware and software that supports the use of public safety wireless voice and data communication systems		
16a	Lease costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(y)	\$
16b	Purchase costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(v)	\$
16c	Maintenance costs	46-5-134(f)(2(B)(v)	\$
17	Other expenditures not included in Lines 2 through 16 above. Identify by object and purpose.		
	Identity by object and purpose.		\$
		The second secon	\$
			\$
			\$
		- 	\$
			\$
			\$
18	Total Expenditures (total of all amounts reported on Lines 2 through 17 above)		\$ 1,387,311.20

Oconee County Board of Commissioners Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Certification of Local Government Officials

I have reviewed the information presented in this report and certify that it is accurate and correct. I further certify that the 9-1-1 funds were expended in compliance with the expenditure requirements specified in the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA), Section 46-5-134. I understand that, in accordance with OCGA Section 46-5-134(m)(2), any local government which makes expenditures not in compliance with this Code section may be held liable for pro rata reimbursement to telephone and wireless telecommunications subscribers of amounts improperly expended. Further, the noncompliant local government shall be solely financially responsible for the reimbursement and for any costs associated with the reimbursement. Such reimbursement shall be accomplished by the service providers abating the imposition of the 9-1-1 charges and 9-1-1 wireless enhanced charges until such abatement equals the total amount of the rebate.

Signature of Chief Elected Official	Melin Van	Date 12/23/14
Print Name of Chief Elected Official	Melvin Davis	
•		
Title of Chief Elected OfficialCha	irman, Oconee County Board of Commissioners	
Signature of Chief Financial Officer	Wes Geddings	Date 23 Dec 14